

OM-945

194 047N

March 2003

**Processes** 



Stick (SMAW) Welding

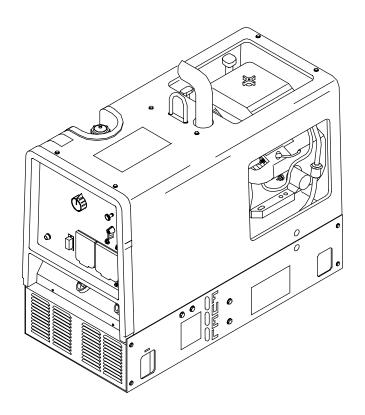
Description





Engine Driven Welding Generator

# Champion<sup>™</sup> 10,000





**OWNER'S MANUAL** 

# From Hobart to You

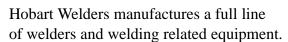
Thank you and congratulations on choosing Hobart. Now you can get the job done and get it done right. We know you don't have time to do it any other way.

This Owner's Manual is designed to help you get the most out of your Hobart products. Please take time to read the Safety precautions. They will help you protect yourself against potential hazards on the worksite.



Hobart is registered to the ISO 9001:2000 Quality System Standard.

We've made installation and operation quick and easy. With Hobart you can count on years of reliable service with proper maintenance. And if for some reason the unit needs repair, there's a Troubleshooting section that will help you figure out what the problem is. The parts list will then help you to decide the exact part you may need to fix the problem. Warranty and service information for your particular model are also provided.



For information on other quality Hobart products, contact your local Hobart distributor to receive the latest full line catalog or individual catalog sheets. To locate your nearest distributor or service agency call 1-877-Hobart1.

Hobart offers a Technical Manual which provides more detailed service and parts information for your unit. To obtain a Technical Manual, contact your local distributor. Your distributor can also supply you with Welding Process Manuals such as SMAW, GTAW, GMAW, and GMAW-P.



## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

## **WARNING**

This product, when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)

#### **WARNING**

Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

## **WARNING**

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

The following terms are used interchangeably throughout this manual:

Stick = SMAW

1-1. 2. Arc Welding Hazards	SECTIO	N 1 – SAFETY PRECAUTIONS – READ BEFORE USING	1
1-3. Engine Hazards	1-1.	Symbol Usage	1
1-4. Compressed Air Hazards         3           1-5. Additional Symbols For Installation, Operation, And Maintenance         3           1-6. Principal Safely Standards         4           1-7. EMF Information         4           SECTION 2 - CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ - LIRE AVANT UTILISATION         5           2-1. Signification des symboles         5           2-2. Dangers relatifs as uoudage à l'arc         5           2-3. Engine Hazards         6           2-4. Dangers liés à l'air comprimé         7           2-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance         7           2-6. Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 - DEFINITIONS         9           SECTION 4 - SPECIFICATIONS         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-5. Louis Consumption (All Models)         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units) </td <td>1-2.</td> <td>Arc Welding Hazards</td> <td>1</td>	1-2.	Arc Welding Hazards	1
1-5. Additional Symbols For Installation, Operation, And Maintenance         3           1-6. Principal Safety Standards         4           1-7. EMF Information         4           SECTION 2 - CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ - LIRE AVANT UTILISATION         5           2-1. Signification des symboles         5           2-2. Dangers relatifs au soudage à l'arc         5           3. Engine Hazards         6           2-4. Dangers liés à l'air comprimé         7           2-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance         7           2-6. Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 - DEFINITIONS         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - Installaling Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. C	1-3.	Engine Hazards	2
1-6. Principal Safety Standards         4           1-7. EMF Information         4           SECTION 2 - CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ - LIRE AVANT UTILISATION         5           2-1. Signification des symboles         5           2-2. Dangers relatifs as voudage à l'arc         5           2-3. Engine Hazards         6           4-4. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et l'installation avec l'installation le fonctionnement et l'installation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et l'installation avec l'installation le fonctionnement et l'installation avec l'installation le fonctionnement et l'installation avec l'installation s'avec l'installation avec l'installation s'avec l'installation avec l'installation avec l'installation avec l'installation s'avec l'installation avec l'installation le fonction avec l'installation	1-4.	Compressed Air Hazards	3
1-7. EMF Information	1-5.	Additional Symbols For Installation, Operation, And Maintenance	3
SECTION 2 - CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ - LIRE AVANT UTILISATION         5           2-1. Signification des symboles         5           2-2. Dangers relatifs au soudagé à l'arc         5           2-3. Engine Hazards         6           2-4. Dangers gies à l'air comprimé         7           2-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance         7           2-6. Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 - DEFINITIONS         9           9 SECTION 4 - SPECIFICATIONS.         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION         13           5-2. Engine Prestant Checks (Nohier-Powered Units)         14           5-2. Engine Prestant Checks (Nohier-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestant Checks (Nohier-Powered Units)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Te	1-6.	Principal Safety Standards	4
2-1.         Signification des symboles         5           2-2.         Dangers relatifs au soudage à l'arc         6           2-3.         Engine Hazards         6           2-4.         Dangers liés à l'air comprimé         7           2-5.         Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance         7           2-6.         Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7.         Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 - DEFINITIONS         9           4-1.         Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-1.         Veld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2.         Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3.         Generator Power Curve         10           4-4.         Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5.         Duty Cycle         11           4-6.         Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 – INSTALLATION         13           5-1.         Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2.         Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-3.         Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units) </td <td>1-7.</td> <td>EMF Information</td> <td>4</td>	1-7.	EMF Information	4
2-2. Dangers relatifs au soudage à l'arc         5           2-3. Engine Hazards         6           2-4. Dangers liés à l'air comprimé         7           2-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance         7           2-6. Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 – DEFINITIONS         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 – INSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Onan-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Connecting the Battery         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Cable Sizes'         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 – OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20	SECTIO	N 2 – CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ – LIRE AVANT UTILISATION	5
2-3. Engine Hazards         6           2-4. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'instaliation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance         7           2-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'instaliation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance         7           2-6. Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 4 - SPECIFICATIONS.         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery         16           5-5. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Aprageage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18	2-1.	Signification des symboles	5
2-4. Dangers liés à l'air comprimé         7           2-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance.         7           2-6. Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 - DEFINITIONS         9           SECTION 4 - SPECIFICATIONS.         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Onan-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Nohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes¹         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Sitck (SM	2-2.	Dangers relatifs au soudage à l'arc	5
2-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance         7           2-6. Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 – DEFINITIONS         9           SECTION 4 – SPECIFICATIONS         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 – InSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kolnan-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kolner-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selection Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 5 – OPERATI	2-3.	Engine Hazards	6
at la maintenance         7           2-6. Principales normes de sécurité         8           2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 – DEFINITIONS         9           SECTION 4 – SPECIFICATIONS.         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Ottl-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Conan-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19	2-4.	Dangers liés à l'air comprimé	7
2-7. Information sur les champs électromagnétiques         8           SECTION 3 – DEFINITIONS         9           SECTION 4 – SPECIFICATIONS         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Dutly Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 – INSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Onan-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           8ECTION 6 – OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           8ECTION 7 – OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT </td <td>2-5.</td> <td>Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance</td> <td>7</td>	2-5.	Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance	7
SECTION 3 - DEFINITIONS         9           SECTION 4 - SPECIFICATIONS         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - InSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         20	2-6.	Principales normes de sécurité	8
SECTION 4 - SPECIFICATIONS         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (if Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Sitck (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21	2-7.	Information sur les champs électromagnétiques	8
SECTION 4 - SPECIFICATIONS         9           4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications         9           4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles         10           4-3. Generator Power Curve         10           4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)         11           4-5. Duty Cycle         11           4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves         12           SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION         13           5-1. Installing Welding Generator         13           5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (if Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Sitck (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21	SECTIO	N 3 – DEFINITIONS	9
4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles       10         4-3. Generator Power Curve       10         4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)       11         4-5. Duty Cycle       11         4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves       12         SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION       13         5-1. Installing Welding Generator       13         5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)       15         5-5. Connecting the Battery       16         5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe       16         5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals       17         5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>9</td></t<>			9
4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles       10         4-3. Generator Power Curve       10         4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)       11         4-5. Duty Cycle       11         4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves       12         SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION       13         5-1. Installing Welding Generator       13         5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)       15         5-5. Connecting the Battery       16         5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe       16         5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals       17         5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units) <t< td=""><td>4-1.</td><td>Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications</td><td>9</td></t<>	4-1.	Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications	9
4-3. Generator Power Curve.  4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)	4-2.		10
4.4.       Fuel Consumption (All Models)       11         4.5.       Duty Cycle       11         4.6.       Volt-Ampere Curves       12         SECTION 5 – INSTALLATION       13         5-1.       Installing Welding Generator       13         5-2.       Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-3.       Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-3.       Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-4.       Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)       15         5-5.       Connecting the Battery       16         5-6.       Installing Exhaust Pipe       16         5-7.       Connecting to Weld Output Terminals       17         5-8.       Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9.       Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1.       Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-2.       Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3.       Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20	4-3.		10
4-5. Duty Cycle       11         4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves       12         SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION       13         5-1. Installing Welding Generator       13         5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Conan-Powered Units)       14         5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)       15         5-5. Connecting the Battery       16         5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe       16         5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals       17         5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner	4-4.		11
4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves       12         SECTION 5 - INSTALLATION       13         5-1. Installing Welding Generator       13         5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Onan-Powered Units)       14         5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       14         5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)       15         5-5. Connecting the Battery       16         5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe       16         5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals       17         5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILLARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       26      <	4-5.	, , ,	11
5-1. Installing Welding Generator       13         5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Onan-Powered Units)       14         5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       15         5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)       15         5-5. Connecting the Battery       16         5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe       16         5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals       17         5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusti	4-6.		12
5-1. Installing Welding Generator       13         5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Onan-Powered Units)       14         5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)       15         5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)       15         5-5. Connecting the Battery       16         5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe       16         5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals       17         5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusti	SECTIO	N 5 – INSTALLATION	13
5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Onan-Powered Units)         14           5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Wield Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Wield Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-1. Standard Receptacles         20           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21           SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)         22           8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)         22           8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)         23           8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)         24           8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter			13
5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)         14           5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-1. Standard Receptacles         20           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21           SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)         22           8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)         22           8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)         23           8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)         24           8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)         26           8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (	5-2.		14
5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)         15           5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-1. Standard Receptacles         20           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21           SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)         22           8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)         22           8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)         23           8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)         24           8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)         26           8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)         28           9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-	5-3.		14
5-5. Connecting the Battery         16           5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-1. Standard Receptacles         20           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21           SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)         22           8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)         22           8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)         23           8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)         24           8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)         26           8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)         28           9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)         29           9-3. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (	5-4.		15
5-6.         Installing Exhaust Pipe         16           5-7.         Connecting to Weld Output Terminals         17           5-8.         Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*         17           5-9.         Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes         18           SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1.         Front Panel Controls         19           SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-1.         Standard Receptacles         20           7-2.         Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3.         Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21           SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)         22           8-1.         Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)         22           8-2.         Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)         23           8-3.         Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)         24           8-4.         Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-5.         Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)         26           8-7.         Adjusting Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)         26           8-7.         Adjusting Engine Speed (Nohler-Powered Units)         28	5-5.		16
5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals       17         5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       30	5-6.		16
5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes*       17         5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 – OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 – OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 – MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)	5-7.		17
5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes       18         SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR       19         6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-3. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine	5-8.		17
SECTION 6 - OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR         19           6-1. Front Panel Controls         19           SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-1. Standard Receptacles         20           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21           SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)         22           8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)         22           8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)         23           8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)         24           8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)         26           8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)         27           SECTION 9 - MAINTENANCE - (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)         28           9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)         28           9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)         29           9-3. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)         30           9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)         31           9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units) <td< td=""><td>5-9.</td><td></td><td>18</td></td<>	5-9.		18
6-1. Front Panel Controls       19         SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT       20         7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 - MAINTENANCE - (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjus			19
SECTION 7 - OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT         20           7-1. Standard Receptacles         20           7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles         21           7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug         21           SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)         22           8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)         22           8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)         23           8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)         24           8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)         25           8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)         26           8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)         27           SECTION 9 - MAINTENANCE - (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)         28           9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)         28           9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)         29           9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)         30           9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)         31           9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)         32           9-7. Adjusting Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)         32           9-7. Adjusting Engin			
7-1. Standard Receptacles       20         7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 – MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33	SECTIO		20
7-2. Optional Generator Power Receptacles       21         7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 – MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34			
7-3.       Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug       21         SECTION 8 – MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1.       Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2.       Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3.       Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4.       Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5.       Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6.       Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7.       Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1.       Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2.       Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3.       Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4.       Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5.       Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6.       Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7.       Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTIN	7-2.		
SECTION 8 - MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)       22         8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 - MAINTENANCE - (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 - TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 12 - GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 - STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 3 AND ACCESSORIES	7-3.		21
8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)       22         8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			22
8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)       23         8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			
8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)       24         8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION AND ACCESSORIES       52	-	,	
8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES		,	
8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)       25         8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			
8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)       26         8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES	-		
8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)       27         SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			
SECTION 9 – MAINTENANCE – (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)       28         9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			
9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)       28         9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)       29         9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES		·	
9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)       30         9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES	9-2.	,	
9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES	9-3.	,	30
9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)       31         9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)       32         9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			
9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)       33         SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES		,	
SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING       34         SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM       36         SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES       37         SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES       44         SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST       52         OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			
SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM			
SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES			
SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES 44 SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST 52 OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			
SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST			
OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES			
			52

## SECTION 1 – SAFETY PRECAUTIONS – READ BEFORE USING

rom nd 10/02

## ▲ Warning: Protect yourself and others from injury — read and follow these precautions.

#### 1-1. Symbol Usage



Means Warning! Watch Out! There are possible hazards with this procedure! The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols.

▲ Marks a special safety message.

IF Means "Note"; not safety related.



This group of symbols means Warning! Watch Out! possible ELECTRIC SHOCK, MOVING PARTS, and HOT PARTS hazards. Consult symbols and related instructions below for necessary actions to avoid the hazards.

#### 1-2. Arc Welding Hazards

- ▲ The symbols shown below are used throughout this manual to call attention to and identify possible hazards. When you see the symbol, watch out, and follow the related instructions to avoid the hazard. The safety information given below is only a summary of the more complete safety information found in the Safety Standards listed in Section 1-6. Read and follow all Safety Standards.
- Only qualified persons should install, operate, maintain, and repair this unit.
- ▲ During operation, keep everybody, especially children, away.



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.**

Touching live electrical parts can cause fatal shocks or severe burns. The electrode and work circuit is electrically live whenever the output is on. The input power circuit and machine internal circuits are also

live when power is on. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the wire, wire reel, drive roll housing, and all metal parts touching the welding wire are electrically live. Incorrectly installed or improperly grounded equipment is a hazard.

- Do not touch live electrical parts.
- · Wear dry, hole-free insulating gloves and body protection.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulating mats or covers big enough to prevent any physical contact with the work or ground.
- Do not use AC output in damp areas, if movement is confined, or if there is a danger of falling.
- Use AC output ONLY if required for the welding process.
- If AC output is required, use remote output control if present on unit.
- Additional safety precautions are required when any of the following electrically hazardous conditions are present: in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings, or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling, or lying; or when there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground. For these conditions, use the following equipment in order presented: 1) a semiautomatic DC constant voltage (wire) welder, 2) a DC manual (stick) welder, or 3) an AC welder with reduced open-circuit voltage. In most situations, use of a DC, constant voltage wire welder is recommended. And, do not work alone!
- Disconnect input power or stop engine before installing or servicing this equipment. Lockout/tagout input power according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 (see Safety Standards).
- Properly install and ground this equipment according to its Owner's Manual and national, state, and local codes.
- Always verify the supply ground check and be sure that input power cord ground wire is properly connected to ground terminal in disconnect box or that cord plug is connected to a properly grounded receptacle outlet.

- When making input connections, attach proper grounding conductor first double-check connections.
- Frequently inspect input power cord for damage or bare wiring replace cord immediately if damaged — bare wiring can kill.
- Turn off all equipment when not in use.
- Do not use worn, damaged, undersized, or poorly spliced cables.
- Do not drape cables over your body.
- If earth grounding of the workpiece is required, ground it directly with a separate cable.
- Do not touch electrode if you are in contact with the work, ground, or another electrode from a different machine.
- Use only well-maintained equipment. Repair or replace damaged parts at once. Maintain unit according to manual.
- Wear a safety harness if working above floor level.
- Keep all panels and covers securely in place.
- Clamp work cable with good metal-to-metal contact to workpiece or worktable as near the weld as practical.
- Insulate work clamp when not connected to workpiece to prevent contact with any metal object.
- Do not connect more than one electrode or work cable to any single weld output terminal.

# SIGNIFICANT DC VOLTAGE exists in inverters after stopping engine.

 Stop engine on inverter and discharge input capacitors according to instructions in Maintenance Section before touching any parts.



#### FUMES AND GASES can be hazardous.

Welding produces fumes and gases. Breathing these fumes and gases can be hazardous to your health.

- Keep your head out of the fumes. Do not breathe the fumes.
- If inside, ventilate the area and/or use exhaust at the arc to remove welding fumes and gases.
- If ventilation is poor, use an approved air-supplied respirator.
- Read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) and the manufacturer's instructions for metals, consumables, coatings, cleaners, and degreasers.
- Work in a confined space only if it is well ventilated, or while wearing an air-supplied respirator. Always have a trained watchperson nearby. Welding fumes and gases can displace air and lower the oxygen level causing injury or death. Be sure the breathing air is safe.
- Do not weld in locations near degreasing, cleaning, or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with vapors to form highly toxic and irritating gases.
- Do not weld on coated metals, such as galvanized, lead, or cadmium plated steel, unless the coating is removed from the weld area, the area is well ventilated, and if necessary, while wearing an air-supplied respirator. The coatings and any metals containing these elements can give off toxic fumes if welded.



#### BUILDUP OF GAS can injure or kill.

- Shut off shielding gas supply when not in use.
- Always ventilate confined spaces or use approved air-supplied respirator.



#### ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.

Arc rays from the welding process produce intense visible and invisible (ultraviolet and infrared) rays that can burn eyes and skin. Sparks fly off from the weld

- Wear a welding helmet fitted with a proper shade of filter to protect your face and eyes from arc rays and sparks when welding or watching (see ANSI Z49.1 and Z87.1 listed in Safety Standards).
- Wear approved safety glasses with side shields under your helmet.
- Use protective screens or barriers to protect others from flash and glare; warn others not to watch the arc.
- Wear protective clothing made from durable, flame-resistant material (wool and leather) and foot protection.



#### WELDING can cause fire or explosion.

Welding on closed containers, such as tanks, drums, or pipes, can cause them to blow up. Sparks can fly off from the welding arc. The flying sparks, hot workpiece, and hot equipment can cause fires and

burns. Accidental contact of electrode to metal objects can cause sparks, explosion, overheating, or fire. Check and be sure the area is safe before doing any welding.

- Protect yourself and others from flying sparks and hot metal.
- Do not weld where flying sparks can strike flammable material.
- Remove all flammables within 35 ft (10.7 m) of the welding arc. If this is not possible, tightly cover them with approved covers.
- Be alert that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas.
- Watch for fire, and keep a fire extinguisher nearby.
- Be aware that welding on a ceiling, floor, bulkhead, or partition can cause fire on the hidden side.
- Do not weld on closed containers such as tanks, drums, or pipes, unless they are properly prepared according to AWS F4.1 (see Safety Standards).
- Connect work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical to prevent welding current from traveling long, possibly unknown paths and causing electric shock and fire hazards.
- Do not use welder to thaw frozen pipes.
- Remove stick electrode from holder or cut off welding wire at contact tip when not in use.
- Wear oil-free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes, and a cap.
- Remove any combustibles, such as a butane lighter or matches, from your person before doing any welding.
- Follow requirements in OSHA 1910.252 (a) (2) (iv) and NFPA 51B for hot work and have a fire watcher and extinguisher nearby.



#### FLYING METAL can injure eyes.

- Welding, chipping, wire brushing, and grinding cause sparks and flying metal. As welds cool, they can throw off slag.
- Wear approved safety glasses with side shields even under your welding helmet.



#### HOT PARTS can cause severe burns.

- Allow cooling period before maintaining.
- Wear protective gloves and clothing when working on a hot engine.
- Do not touch hot engine parts or just-welded parts bare-handed.



#### NOISE can damage hearing.

Noise from some processes or equipment can damage hearing.

 Wear approved ear protection if noise level is high.



#### MAGNETIC FIELDS can affect pacemakers.

- Pacemaker wearers keep away.
- Wearers should consult their doctor before going near arc welding, gouging, or spot welding operations.



#### CYLINDERS can explode if damaged.

Shielding gas cylinders contain gas under high pressure. If damaged, a cylinder can explode. Since gas cylinders are normally part of the welding process, be sure to treat them carefully.

- Protect compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, slag, open flames, sparks, and arcs.
- Install cylinders in an upright position by securing to a stationary support or cylinder rack to prevent falling or tipping.
- Keep cylinders away from any welding or other electrical circuits.
- Never drape a welding torch over a gas cylinder.
- Never allow a welding electrode to touch any cylinder.
- Never weld on a pressurized cylinder explosion will result.
- Use only correct shielding gas cylinders, regulators, hoses, and fittings designed for the specific application; maintain them and associated parts in good condition.
- Turn face away from valve outlet when opening cylinder valve.
- Keep protective cap in place over valve except when cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- Read and follow instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-1 listed in Safety Standards.

## 1-3. Engine Hazards



#### BATTERY EXPLOSION can BLIND.

- Always wear a face shield, rubber gloves, and protective clothing when working on a battery.
- Stop engine before disconnecting or connecting battery cables or servicing battery.
- Do not allow tools to cause sparks when working on a battery.
- Do not use welder to charge batteries or jump start vehicles.
- Observe correct polarity (+ and –) on batteries.
- Disconnect negative (-) cable first and connect it last.



#### FUEL can cause fire or explosion.

- Stop engine and let it cool off before checking or adding fuel.
- Do not add fuel while smoking or if unit is near any sparks or open flames.
- Do not overfill tank allow room for fuel to expand.
- Do not spill fuel. If fuel is spilled, clean up before starting engine.
- Dispose of rags in a fireproof container.
- Always keep nozzle in contact with tank when fueling.



#### MOVING PARTS can cause injury.

- Keep away from fans, belts, and rotors.
- Keep all doors, panels, covers, and guards closed and securely in place.
- Stop engine before installing or connecting unit.
- Have only qualified people remove guards or covers for maintenance and troubleshooting as necessary.
- To prevent accidental starting during servicing, disconnect negative (–) battery cable from battery.
- Keep hands, hair, loose clothing, and tools away from moving parts.
- Reinstall panels or guards and close doors when servicing is finished and before starting engine.
- Before working on generator, remove spark plugs or injectors to keep engine from kicking back or starting.
- Block flywheel so that it will not turn while working on generator components.



#### STEAM AND HOT COOLANT can burn.

- If possible, check coolant level when engine is cold to avoid scalding.
- Always check coolant level at overflow tank, if present on unit, instead of radiator (unless told otherwise in maintenance section or engine manual).
- If the engine is warm, checking is needed, and there is no overflow tank, follow the next two statements.
- Wear safety glasses and gloves and put a rag over radiator cap.
- Turn cap slightly and let pressure escape slowly before completely removing cap.



#### ENGINE EXHAUST GASES can kill.

- Use equipment outside in open, well-ventilated areas.
- If used in a closed area, vent engine exhaust outside and away from any building air intakes.



#### **BATTERY ACID can BURN SKIN and EYES.**

- Do not tip battery.
- Replace damaged battery.
- Flush eyes and skin immediately with water.



#### **ENGINE HEAT can cause fire.**

- Do not locate unit on, over, or near combustible surfaces or flammables.
- Keep exhaust and exhaust pipes way from flammables.



#### **EXHAUST SPARKS** can cause fire.

- Do not let engine exhaust sparks cause fire.
- Use approved engine exhaust spark arrestor in required areas — see applicable codes.

#### 1-4. Compressed Air Hazards



# BREATHING COMPRESSED AIR can cause serious injury or death.

- Do not use compressed air for breathing.
- Use only for cutting, gouging, and tools.



# HOT METAL from air arc cutting and gouging can cause fire or explosion.

- Do not cut or gouge near flammables.
- Watch for fire; keep extinguisher nearby.



#### COMPRESSED AIR can cause injury.

- · Wear approved safety goggles.
- Do not direct air stream toward self or others.



#### HOT PARTS can cause burns and injury.

- Do not touch hot compressor or air system parts.
- Let system cool down before touching or servicing.



# TRAPPED AIR PRESSURE AND WHIPPING HOSES can cause injury.

 Release air pressure from tools and system before servicing, adding or changing attachments, or opening compressor oil drain or oil fill cap.



#### **READ INSTRUCTIONS.**

- Read Owner's Manual before using or servicing unit.
- Stop engine and release air pressure before servicing.

## 1-5. Additional Symbols For Installation, Operation, And Maintenance



#### FALLING UNIT can cause injury.

- Use lifting eye to lift unit only, NOT running gear, gas cylinders, trailer, or any other accessories.
- Use equipment of adequate capacity to lift and support unit.
- If using lift forks to move unit, be sure forks are long enough to extend beyond opposite side of unit.



#### **OVERHEATING** can damage motors.

- Turn off or unplug equipment before starting or stopping engine.
- Do not let low voltage and frequency caused by low engine speed damage electric motors.
- Do not connect 50 or 60 Hertz motors to the 100 Hertz receptacle where applicable.



#### FLYING SPARKS can cause injury.

- Wear a face shield to protect eyes and face.
- Shape tungsten electrode only on grinder with proper guards in a safe location wearing proper face, hand, and body protection.
- Sparks can cause fires keep flammables away.



#### **OVERUSE** can cause **OVERHEATING**.

- Allow cooling period; follow rated duty cycle.
- Reduce current or reduce duty cycle before starting to weld again.
- Do not block or filter airflow to unit.



#### STATIC (ESD) can damage PC boards.

- Put on grounded wrist strap BEFORE handling boards or parts.
- Use proper static-proof bags and boxes to store, move, or ship PC boards.



#### TILTING OF TRAILER can cause injury.

- Use tongue jack or blocks to support weight.
- Properly install welding generator onto trailer according to instructions supplied with trailer.



#### **READ INSTRUCTIONS.**

- Use only genuine MILLER/Hobart replacement parts.
- Perform engine and air compressor (if applicable) maintenance and service according to this manual and the engine/air compressor (if applicable) manuals.



#### H.F. RADIATION can cause interference.

- High-frequency (H.F.) can interfere with radio navigation, safety services, computers, and communications equipment.
- Have only qualified persons familiar with electronic equipment perform this installation.
- The user is responsible for having a qualified electrician promptly correct any interference problem resulting from the installation.
- If notified by the FCC about interference, stop using the equipment at once.
- Have the installation regularly checked and maintained.
- Keep high-frequency source doors and panels tightly shut, keep spark gaps at correct setting, and use grounding and shielding to minimize the possibility of interference.



#### ARC WELDING can cause interference.

- Electromagnetic energy can interfere with sensitive electronic equipment such as microprocessors, computers, and computer-driven equipment such as robots.
- Be sure all equipment in the welding area is electromagnetically compatible.
- To reduce possible interference, keep weld cables as short as possible, close together, and down low, such as on the floor.
- Locate welding operation 100 meters from any sensitive electronic equipment.
- Be sure this welding machine is installed and grounded according to this manual.
- If interference still occurs, the user must take extra measures such as moving the welding machine, using shielded cables, using line filters, or shielding the work area.

## 1-6. Principal Safety Standards

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, ANSI Standard Z49.1, from American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami FL 33126 (phone: 305-443-9353, website: www.aws.org).

Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping, American Welding Society Standard AWS F4.1, from American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126 (phone: 305-443-9353, website: www.aws.org).

National Electrical Code, NFPA Standard 70, from National Fire Protection Association, P.O. Box 9101, 1 Battery March Park, Quincy, MA 02269-9101 (phone: 617-770-3000, website: www.nfpa.org and www.sparky.org).

Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders, CGA Pamphlet P-1, from Compressed Gas Association, 1735 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1004, Arlington, VA 22202-4102 (phone: 703-412-0900, website: www.cganet.com).

Code for Safety in Welding and Cutting, CSA Standard W117.2, from Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 178 Rexdale Bou-

levard, Rexdale, Ontario, Canada M9W 1R3 (phone: 800-463-6727 or in Toronto 416-747-4044, website: www.csa-international.org).

Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection, ANSI Standard Z87.1, from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036–8002 (phone: 212-642-4900, website: www.ansi.org).

Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work, NFPA Standard 51B, from National Fire Protection Association, P.O. Box 9101, 1 Battery March Park, Quincy, MA 02269-9101 (phone: 617-770-3000, website: www.nfpa.org and www. sparky.org).

OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910, Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J, from U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250 (there are 10 Regional Offices—phone for Region 5, Chicago, is 312-353-2220, website: www.osha.gov).

#### 1-7. EMF Information

Considerations About Welding And The Effects Of Low Frequency Electric And Magnetic Fields

Welding current, as it flows through welding cables, will cause electromagnetic fields. There has been and still is some concern about such fields. However, after examining more than 500 studies spanning 17 years of research, a special blue ribbon committee of the National Research Council concluded that: "The body of evidence, in the committee's judgment, has not demonstrated that exposure to power-frequency electric and magnetic fields is a human-health hazard." However, studies are still going forth and evidence continues to be examined. Until the final conclusions of the research are reached, you may wish to minimize your exposure to electromagnetic fields when welding or cutting.

To reduce magnetic fields in the workplace, use the following procedures:

- 1. Keep cables close together by twisting or taping them.
- 2. Arrange cables to one side and away from the operator.
- 3. Do not coil or drape cables around your body.
- 4. Keep welding power source and cables as far away from operator as practical.
- Connect work clamp to workpiece as close to the weld as possible.

#### **About Pacemakers:**

Pacemaker wearers consult your doctor first. If cleared by your doctor, then following the above procedures is recommended.

# SECTION 2 – CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ – LIRE AVANT UTILISATION

rom 10 02fre

▲ Avertissement: Protégez vous et les autres des blessures – lisez et suivez ces précautions.

#### 2-1. Signification des symboles



Signifie Mise en garde ! Soyez vigilant ! Cette procédure présente des risques de danger ! Ceux-ci sont identifiés par des symboles adjacents aux directives.

▲ Identifie un message de sécurité particulier.

IF Signifie NOTA ; n'est pas relatif à la sécurité.

# 小学家式

Ce groupe de symboles signifie Mise en garde ! Soyez vigilant ! Il y a des risques de danger reliés

aux CHOCS ÉLECTRIQUES, aux PIÈCES EN MOUVEMENT et aux PIÈCES CHAUDES. Reportez-vous aux symboles et aux directives ci-des-sous afin de connaître les mesures à prendre pour éviter tout danger.

#### 2-2. Dangers relatifs au soudage à l'arc

- ▲ Les symboles présentés ci-après sont utilisés tout au long du présent manuel pour attirer votre attention et identifier les risques de danger. Lorsque vous voyez un symbole, soyez vigilant et suivez les directives mentionnées afin d'éviter tout danger. Les consignes de sécurité présentées ci-après ne font que résumer l'information contenue dans les normes de sécurité énumérées à la section 1-5. Veuillez lire et respecter toutes ces normes de sécurité.
- L'installation, l'utilisation, l'entretien et les réparations ne doivent être confiés qu'à des personnes qualifiées.
- Au cours de l'utilisation, tenir toute personne à l'écart et plus particulièrement les enfants.



#### UN CHOC ÉLECTRIQUE peut tuer.

Un simple contact avec des pièces électriques peut provoquer une électrocution ou des blessures graves. L'électrode et le circuit de soudage sont sous tension dès que l'appareil est sur ON. Le circuit d'entrée et les circuits internes de l'appareil sont également sous tension à ce

moment-là. En soudage semi-automatique ou automatique, le fil, le dévidoir, le logement des galets d'entraînement et les pièces métalliques en contact avec le fil de soudage sont sous tension. Des matériels mal installés ou mal mis à la terre présentent un danger.

- Ne jamais toucher les pièces électriques sous tension.
- Porter des gants et des vêtements de protection secs ne comportant pas de trous.
- S'isoler de la pièce et de la terre au moyen de tapis ou d'autres moyens isolants suffisamment grands pour empêcher le contact physique éventuel avec la pièce ou la terre.
- Ne pas se servir de source électrique àcourant électrique dans les zones humides, dans les endroits confinés ou là où on risque de tomber.
- Se servir d'une source électrique àcourant électrique UNIQUEMENT si le procédé de soudage le demande.
- Si l'utilisation d'une source électrique àcourant électrique s'avère nécessaire, se servir de la fonction de télécommande si l'appareil en est équipé.
- Des précautions de sécurité supplémentaires sont requises dans des environnements à risque comme: les endroits humides ou lorsque l'on porte des vêtements mouillés; sur des structures métalliques au sol, grillages et échafaudages; dans des positions assises, à genoux et allongées; ou quand il y a un risque important de contact accidentel avec la pièce ou le sol. Dans ces cas utiliser les appareils suivants dans l'ordre de préférence: 1) un poste à souder DC semi-automatique de type CV (MIG/MAG), 2) un poste à souder manuel (électrode enrobée) DC, 3) un poste à souder manuel AC avec tension à vide réduite. Dans la plupart des cas, un poste courant continu de type CV est recommandé. Et, ne pas travailler seul!
- Couper l'alimentation ou arrêter le moteur avant de procéder à l'installation, à la réparation ou à l'entretien de l'appareil. Déverrouiller l'alimentation selon la norme OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 (voir normes de sécurité).
- Installer et mettre à la terre correctement cet appareil conformément à son manuel d'utilisation et aux codes nationaux, provinciaux et municipaux.
- Toujours vérifier la terre du cordon d'alimentation Vérifier et s'assurer que le fil de terre du cordon d'alimentation est bien raccordé à la borne de terre du sectionneur ou que la fiche du cordon est raccordée à une prise correctement mise à la terre.

- En effectuant les raccordements d'entrée fixer d'abord le conducteur de mise à la terre approprié et contre-vérifier les connexions.
- Vérifier fréquemment le cordon d'alimentation pour voir s'il n'est pas endommagé ou dénudé – remplacer le cordon immédiatement s'il est endommagé – un câble dénudé peut provoquer une électrocution.
- Mettre l'appareil hors tension quand on ne l'utilise pas.
- Ne pas utiliser des câbles usés, endommagés, de grosseur insuffisante ou mal épissés.
- Ne pas enrouler les câbles autour du corps.
- Si la pièce soudée doit être mise à la terre, le faire directement avec un câble distinct – ne pas utiliser le connecteur de pièce ou le câble de retour.
- Ne pas toucher l'électrode quand on est en contact avec la pièce, la terre ou une électrode provenant d'une autre machine.
- N'utiliser qu'un matériel en bon état. Réparer ou remplacer sur-le-champ les pièces endommagées. Entretenir l'appareil conformément à ce manuel.
- Porter un harnais de sécurité quand on travaille en hauteur.
- Maintenir solidement en place tous les panneaux et capots.
- Fixer le câble de retour de façon à obtenir un bon contact métal-métal avec la pièce à souder ou la table de travail, le plus près possible de la soudure.
- Isoler la pince de masse quand pas mis à la pièce pour éviter le contact avec tout objet métallique.

# Une tension DC importante subsiste à l'intérieur des onduleurs après avoir coupé l'alimentation.

 Couper l'alimentation du poste et décharger les condensateurs d'entrée comme indiqué dans la Section Maintenance avant de toucher des composants.



# LES FUMÉES ET LES GAZ peuvent être dangereux.

Le soudage génère des fumées et des gaz. Leur inhalation peut être dangereux pour votre santé.

- Eloigner votre tête des fumées. Ne pas respirer les fumées.
- À l'interieur, ventiler la zone et/ou utiliser un échappement au niveau de l'arc pour l'évacuation des fumées et des gaz de soudage.
- Si la ventilation est insuffisante, utiliser un respirateur à alimentation d'air homologué.
- Lire les spécifications de sécurité des matériaux (MSDSs) et les instructions du fabricant concernant les métaux, les consommables, les revêtements, les nettoyants et les dégraisseurs.
- Travailler dans un espace fermé seulement s'il est bien ventilé ou en portant un respirateur à alimentation d'air. Demander toujours à un surveillant dûment formé de se tenir à proximité. Des fumées et des gaz de soudage peuvent déplacer l'air et abaisser le niveau d'oxygène provoquant des blessures ou des accidents mortels. S'assurer que l'air de respiration ne présente aucun danger.
- Ne pas souder dans des endroits situés à proximité d'opérations de dégraissage, de nettoyage ou de pulvérisation. La chaleur et les rayons de l'arc peuvent réagir en présence de vapeurs et former des gaz hautement toxiques et irritants.
- Ne pas souder des métaux munis d'un revêtement, tels que l'acier galvanisé, plaqué en plomb ou au cadmium à moins que le revêtement n'ait été enlevé dans la zone de soudure, que l'endroit soit bien ventilé, et si nécessaire, en portant un respirateur à alimentation d'air. Les revêtements et tous les métaux renfermant ces éléments peuvent dégager des fumées toxiques en cas de soudage.



# LES ACCUMULATIONS DE GAZ risquent de provoquer des blessures ou même la mort.

- Fermer l'alimentation du gaz protecteur en cas de non utilisation.
- Veiller toujours à bien aérer les espaces confinés ou se servir d'un respirateur d'adduction d'air homologué.



#### LES RAYONS DE L'ARC peuvent provoquer des brûlures dans les yeux et sur la peau.

Le rayonnement de l'arc du procédé de soudage génère des rayons visibles et invisibles intenses (ultraviolets et

infrarouges) susceptibles de provoquer des brûlures dans les yeux et sur la peau. Des étincelles sont projetées pendant le soudage.

- Porter un casque de soudage muni d'un écran de filtre approprié pour protéger votre visage et vos yeux pendant le soudage ou pour regarder (voir ANSI Z49.1 et Z87.1 énuméré dans les normes de sécurité).
- Porter des protections approuvés pour les oreilles si le niveau sondre est trop élevé.
- Utiliser des écrans ou des barrières pour protéger des tiers de l'éclair et de l'éblouissement; demander aux autres personnes de ne pas regarder l'arc.
- Porter des vêtements de protection constitué dans une matière durable, résistant au feu (laine ou cuir) et une protection des pieds.



# LE SOUDAGE peut provoquer un incendie ou une explosion.

Le soudage effectué sur des conteneurs fermés tels que des réservoirs, tambours ou des conduites peut provoquer leur éclatement. Des étincelles peuvent être projetées de

l'arc de soudure. La projection d'étincelles, des pièces chaudes et des équipements chauds peut provoquer des incendies et des brûlures. Le contact accidentel de l'électrode avec des objets métalliques peut provoquer des étincelles, une explosion, un surchauffement ou un incendie. Avant de commencer le soudage, vérifier et s'assurer que l'endroit ne présente pas de danger.

- Se protéger et d'autres personnes de la projection d'étincelles et de métal chaud.
- Ne pas souder dans un endroit là où des étincelles peuvent tomber sur des substances inflammables.
- Déplacer toutes les substances inflammables à une distance de 10,7 m de l'arc de soudage. En cas d'impossibilité les recouvrir soigneusement avec des protections homologués.
- Des étincelles et des matériaux chauds du soudage peuvent facilement passer dans d'autres zones en traversant de petites fissures et des ouvertures.
- Surveiller tout déclenchement d'incendie et tenir un extincteur à proximité.
- Le soudage effectué sur un plafond, plancher, paroi ou séparation peut déclencher un incendie de l'autre côté.
- Ne pas effectuer le soudage sur des conteneurs fermés tels que des réservoirs, tambours, ou conduites, à moins qu'ils n'aient été préparés correctement conformément à AWS F4.1 (voir les normes de sécurité).
- Brancher le câble sur la pièce le plus près possible de la zone de soudage pour éviter le transport du courant sur une longue distance par des chemins inconnus éventuels en provoquant des risques d'électrocution et d'incendie.
- Ne pas utiliser le poste de soudage pour dégeler des conduites gelées.
- En cas de non utilisation, enlever la baguette d'électrode du porte-électrode ou couper le fil à la pointe de contact.
- Porter des vêtements de protection dépourvus d'huile tels que des gants en cuir, une chemise en matériau lourd, des pantalons sans revers, des chaussures hautes et un couvre chef.
- Avant de souder, retirer toute substance combustible de vos poches telles qu'un allumeur au butane ou des allumettes.

 Suivre les recommandations dans OSHA 1910.252(a)(2)(iv) et NFPA 51B pour les travaux à chaud et avoir de la surveillance et un extincteur à proximité



# DES PARTICULES VOLANTES peuvent blesser les yeux.

 Le soudage, l'écaillement, le passage de la pièce à la brosse en fil de fer, et le meulage génèrent des étincelles et des particules métalliques vo-

lantes. Pendant la période de refroidissement des soudures, elles risquent de projeter du laitier.

Porter des lunettes de sécurité avec écrans latéraux ou un écran facial.



# DES PIÈCES CHAUDES peuvent provoquer des brûlures graves.

- Prévoir une période de refroidissement avant d'effectuer des travaux d'entretien.
- Porter des gants et des vêtements de protection pour travailler sur un moteur chaud.
- Ne pas toucher à mains nues les parties chaudes du moteur ni les pièces récemment soudées.



#### LE BRUIT peut affecter l'ouïe.

Le bruit des processus et des équipements peut affecter l'ouïe.

 Porter des protections approuvés pour les oreilles si le niveau sondre est trop élevé.



# LES CHAMPS MAGNÉTIQUES peuvent affecter les stimulateurs cardiagues.

- Porteurs de stimulateur cardiaque, restez à distance.
- Les porteurs d'un stimulateur cardiaque doivent d'abord consulter leur médecin avant de s'approcher des opérations de soudage à l'arc, de gougeage ou de soudage par points.



#### Si des BOUTEILLES sont endommagées, elles pourront exploser.

Des bouteilles de gaz protecteur contiennent du gaz sous haute pression. Si une bouteille est endommagée, elle peut exploser. Du fait que les bouteilles de gaz font normalement partie du procédé de soudage, les manipuler avec précaution.

- Protéger les bouteilles de gaz comprimé d'une chaleur excessive, des chocs mécaniques, du laitier, des flammes ouvertes, des étincelles et des arcs
- Placer les bouteilles debout en les fixant dans un support stationnaire ou dans un porte-bouteilles pour les empêcher de tomber ou de se renverser.
- Tenir les bouteilles éloignées des circuits de soudage ou autres circuits électriques.
- Ne jamais placer une torche de soudage sur une bouteille à gaz.
- Une électrode de soudage ne doit jamais entrer en contact avec une bouteille.
- Ne jamais souder une bouteille pressurisée risque d'explosion.
- Utiliser seulement des bouteilles de gaz protecteur, régulateurs, tuyaux et raccords convenables pour cette application spécifique; les maintenir ainsi que les éléments associés en bon état.
- Ne pas tenir la tête en face de la sortie en ouvrant la soupape de la bouteille.
- Maintenir le chapeau de protection sur la soupape, sauf en cas d'utilisation ou de branchement de la bouteille.
- Lire et suivre les instructions concernant les bouteilles de gaz comprimé, les équipements associés et les publication P-1 CGA énumérées dans les normes de sécurité.

## 2-3. Engine Hazards



# LES ACCUMULATIONS DE GAZ risquent de provoquer des blessures ou même la mort.

- Fermer l'alimentation du gaz protecteur en cas de non utilisation.
- Veiller toujours à bien aérer les espaces confinés ou se servir d'un respirateur d'adduction d'air homologué.



# L'ACIDE DE LA BATTERIE peut provoquer des brûlures dans les YEUX et sur la PEAU.

- Ne pas renverser la batterie.
- Remplacer une batterie endommagée.
- Rincer immédiatement les yeux et la peau à l'eau.



# L'EXPLOSION DE LA BATTERIE peut RENDRE AVEUGLE.

- Toujours porter une protection faciale, des gants en caoutchouc et vêtements de protection lors d'une intervention sur la batterie.
- Arrêter le moteur avant de débrancher ou de brancher les câbles de batterie.
- Eviter de provoquer des étincelles avec les outils en travaillant sur la batterie.
- Ne pas utiliser le poste de soudage pour charger les batteries ou des véhicules de démarrage rapide.
- Observer la polarité correcte (+ et -) sur les batteries.
- Débrancher le câble négatif (–) en premier lieu. Le rebrancher en dernier lieu.



# LE CARBURANT MOTEUR peut provoquer un incendie ou une explosion.

- Arrêter le moteur avant de vérifier le niveau de carburant ou de faire le plein.
- Ne pas faire le plein en fumant ou proche d'une source d'étincelles ou d'une flamme nue.
- Ne pas faire le plein de carburant à ras bord; prévoir de l'espace pour son expansion.
- Faire attention de ne pas renverser de carburant. Nettoyer tout carburant renversé avant de faire démarrer le moteur.
- Jeter les chiffons dans un récipient ignifuge.



# DES ORGANES MOBILES peuvent provoquer des blessures.

- Ne pas approcher les mains des ventilateurs, courroies et autres pièces en mouvement.
- Maintenir fermés et fixement en place les portes, panneaux, recouvrements et dispositifs de protection.
- Arrêter le moteur avant d'installer ou brancher l'appareil.
- Demander seulement à un personnel qualifié d'enlever les dispositifs de sécurité ou les recouvrements pour effectuer, s'il y a lieu, des travaux d'entretien et de dépannage.

- Pour empêcher tout démarrage accidentel pendant les travaux d'entretien, débrancher le câble négatif (-) de batterie de la borne.
- Ne pas approcher les mains, cheveux, vêtements lâches et outils des organes mobiles.
- Remettre en place les panneaux ou les dipositifs de protection et fermer les portes à la fin des travaux d'entretien et avant de faire démarrer le moteur.
- Avant d'intervenir, déposer les bougies ou injecteurs pour éviter la mise en route accidentelle du moteur.
- Bloquer le volant moteur pour éviter sa rotation lors d'une intervention sur le générateur.



#### LA VAPEUR ET LE LIQUIDE DE REFROIDISSEMENT CHAUD peuvent provoquer des brûlures.

- Il est préférable de vérifier le liquide de refroidissement une fois le moteur refroidi pour éviter de se brûler.
- Toujours vérifier le niveau de liquide de refroidissement dans le vase d'expansion (si présent), et non dans le radiateur (sauf si précisé autrement dans la section maintenance du manuel du moteur).
- Si le moteur est chaud et que le liquide doit être vérifié, opérer comme suivant :
- Mettre des lunettes de sécurité et des gants, placer un torchon sur le bouchon du radiateur.
- Dévisser le bouchon légèrement et laisser la vapeur s'échapper avant d'enlever le bouchon.



# LA CHALEUR DU MOTEUR peut provoquer un incendie.

- Ne pas placer l'appareil sur, au-dessus ou à proximité de surfaces inflammables.
- Tenir à distance les produits inflammables de l'échappement.



# LES ÉTINCELLES À L'ÉCHAPPEMENT peuvent provoquer un incendie.

- Empêcher les étincelles d'échappement du moteur de provoquer un incendie.
- Utiliser uniquement un pare-étincelles approuvé voir codes en vigueur.

## 2-4. Dangers liés à l'air comprimé



# RESPIRER L'AIR COMPRIMÉ peut provoquer des blessures graves ou causer

- Ne pas utiliser l'air comprimé pour respirer.
- Utiliser l'air comprimé seulement pour le coupage, gougeage et les outils pneumatiques.



# L'AIR COMPRIMÉ peut provoquer des blessures.

- Porter des lunettes de sécurité approuvées.
- Ne pas diriger le jet d'air vers d'autres ou soimême.



#### L'AIR COMPRIME EMMAGASINE ET DES TUYAUX SOUS PRESSION peuvent provoquer des blessures.

 Relâcher la pression d'air de l'outillage ou du système avant d'effectuer la maintenance, avant de changer ou de rajouter des éléments ou avant d'ouvrir la purge ou le bouchon de remplissage d'huile.



#### Le METAL CHAUD lors du coupage et gougeage plasma peut provoquer un incendie ou une explosion.

- Ne pas couper ou gouger à proximité de produits inflammables.
- Surveillez et garder un extincteur à proximité.



#### DES PIECES CHAUDES peuvent provoquer des brûlures et blessures.

- Ne pas toucher le compresseur ou d'autres éléments du circuit air comprimé chauds.
- Laisser l'ensemble se refroidir avant de toucher ou d'effectuer la maintenance.



#### LIRE LES INSTRUCTIONS.

- Lisez le manuel d'instructions avant l'utilisation ou la maintenance de l'appareil.
- Arrêter le moteur et relâcher la pression avant d'effectuer la maintenance.

# 2-5. Dangers supplémentaires en relation avec l'installation, le fonctionnement et la maintenance



# LA CHUTE DE L'APPAREIL peut blesser.

- Utiliser l'anneau de levage uniquement pour soulever l'appareil lui-même; sans chariot, de bouteilles de gaz, remorque, ou autres accessoires.
- Utiliser un équipement de levage de capacité suffisante pour lever l'appareil.
- En utilisant des fourches de levage pour déplacer l'unité, s'assurer que les fourches sont suffisamment longues pour dépasser du côté opposé de l'appareil.



#### LE SURCHAUFFEMENT peut endommager le moteur électrique.

- Arrêter ou déconnecter l'équipement avant de démarrer ou d'arrêter le moteur.
- Ne pas laisser tourner le moteur trop lentement sous risque d'endommager le moteur électrique à cause d'une tension et d'une fréquence trop faibles.
- Ne pas brancher de moteur de 50 ou de 60 Hz à la prise de 100 Hz, s'il y a



#### LES ÉTINCELLES VOLANTES risquent de provoquer des blessures.

- Porter un écran facial pour protéger le visage et les
- Affuterr l'électrode au tungstène uniquement à la meuleuse dotée de protecteurs. Cette manoeuvre est à exécuter dans un endroit sûr lorsque l'on porte l'équipement homologué de protection du visage, des mains et du corps.
- Les étincelles risquent de causer un incendie éloigner toute substance inflammable



#### L'EMPLOI EXCESSIF peut SURCHAUFFER L'ÉQUIPEMENT.

- Laisser l'équipement refroidir ; respecter le facteur de marche nominal
- Réduire le courant ou le facteur de marche avant de poursuivre le soudage.
- Ne pas obstruer les passages d'air du poste.



#### LES CHARGES ÉLECTROSTATI-QUES peuvent endommager les circuits imprimés.

- Établir la connexion avec la barrette de terre avant de manipuler des cartes ou des pièces.
- Utiliser des pochettes et des boîtes antistatiques pour stocker, déplacer ou expédier des cartes de circuits imprimes.



#### **UNE REMORQUE QUI BASCULE peut** entraîner des blessures.

- Utiliser les supports de la remorque ou des blocs pour soutenir le poids.
- Installer convenablement le poste sur la remorque comme indiqué dans le manuel s'y rapportant.



#### LIRE LES INSTRUCTIONS.

- Utiliser seulement les pièces de rechange d'origine.
- Effectuer la maintenance du moteur et du compresseur (si applicable) suivant ce manuel et le manuel du moteur/compresseur (si applicable).



#### LE RAYONNEMENT HAUTE FRÉ-QUENCE (H.F.) risque de provoquer des interférences.

- Le rayonnement haute fréquence (H.F.) peut provoquer des interférences avec les équipements de radio-navigation et de communication, les services de sécurité et les ordinateurs.
- Demander seulement à des personnes qualifiées familiarisées avec des équipements électroniques de faire fonctionner l'installation.
- L'utilisateur est tenu de faire corriger rapidement par un électricien qualifié les interférences résultant de l'installation.
- Si le FCC signale des interférences, arrêter immédiatement l'appareil.
- Effectuer régulièrement le contrôle et l'entretien de l'installation.
- Maintenir soigneusement fermés les portes et les panneaux des sources de haute fréquence, maintenir les éclateurs à une distance correcte et utiliser une terre et et un blindage pour réduire les interférences éventuelles.



#### LE SOUDAGE À L'ARC risque de provoquer des interférences.

- L'énergie électromagnétique risque de provoquer des interférences pour l'équipement électronique sensible tel que les ordinateurs et l'équipement commandé par ordinateur tel que les robots.
- Veiller à ce que tout l'équipement de la zone de soudage soit compatible électromagnétiquement.
- Pour réduire la possibilité d'interférence, maintenir les câbles de soudage aussi courts que possible, les grouper, et les poser aussi bas que possible (ex. par terre).
- Veiller à souder à une distance de 100 mètres de tout équipement électronique sensible.
- Veiller à ce que ce poste de soudage soit posé et mis à la terre conformément à ce mode d'emploi.
- En cas d'interférences après avoir pris les mesures précédentes, il incombe à l'utilisateur de prendre des mesures supplémentaires telles que le déplacement du poste, l'utilisation de câbles blindés, l'utilisation de filtres de ligne ou la pose de protecteurs dans la zone de travail.

#### 2-6. Principales normes de sécurité

Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, norme ANSI Z49.1, de l'American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami FL 33126 (téléphone: (305) 443–9353, site Web: www.aws.org).

Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping, norme American Welding Society AWS F4.1, de l'American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd, Miami, FL 33126 (téléphone: (305) 443–9353, site Web: www.aws.org).

National Electrical Code, norme NFPA 70, de la National Fire Protection Association, P.O. Box 9101, 1 Battery March Park, Quincy, MA 02269–910 (téléphone: (617) 770–3000, sites Web: www.nfpa.org et www.sparky.org).

Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders, brochure CGA P–1, de la Compressed Gas Association, 1735 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1004, Arlington, VA 22202–4102 (téléphone: (703) 412–0900, site Web: www.cganet.com).

www.cganet.com).
Code for Safety in Welding and Cutting, norme CSA W117.2, de la Canadian Standards Association, Standards Sales, 178 boulevard Rexdale,

Rexdale (Ontario) Canada M9W 1R3 (téléphone : (800) 463–6727 ou à Toronto : (416) 747–4044, site Web : www.csa-international.org). Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection, norme ANSI Z87.1, de l'American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036-8002 (téléphone : (212) 642-4900, site Web: www.ansi.org).

Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work, norme NFPA 51B, de la National Fire Protection Association, P.O. Box, 9101, 1 Battery March Park, Quincy, MA 02269–9101 (téléphone: (617) 770–3000, site Web: www.nfpa.org et www.sparky.org).

OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry,

Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910, Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J, de l'U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250 (il y a 10 bureaux régionaux – Téléphone pour la Région 5, Chicago : (312) 353–2220, site Web : www.osha.gov).

#### Information sur les champs électromagnétiques 2-7.

Données sur le soudage électrique et les effets des champs magnétiques basse fréquence sur l'organisme En parcourant les câbles de soudage, le courant crée des champs électromagnétiques. Les effets potentiels de tels champs restent préoccupants.

Cependant, après avoir examiné plus de 500 études qui ont été faites pendant une période de recherche de 17 ans, un comité de spécialistes du National Research Council a conclu : « L'accumulation de preuves n'a pas démontré que l'exposition aux champs magnétiques et aux champs électriques à haute fréquence constitue un risque pour la santé humaine ». Toutefois, les études et l'examen des preuves se poursuivent. En attendant les conclusions finales de la recherche, il serait souhaitable de réduire l'exposition aux champs électromagnétiques pendant le soudage ou le coupage.

Afin de réduire les champs électromagnétiques en milieu de travail, respecter les consignes suivantes : 1. Garder les câbles ensemble en les torsadant ou en les fixant avec du

- 2. Mettre tous les câbles du côté opposé à l'opérateur.
  3. Ne pas s'enrouler les câbles outour de la câble outour de la
- Ne pas s'enrouler les câbles autour du corps.

4. Garder le poste de soudage et les câbles le plus loin possible de soi.
5. Placer la pince de masse le plus près possible de la zone de soudage.

Consignes relatives aux stimulateurs cardiaques:

Les personnes qui portent un stimulateur cardiaque doivent avant tout consulter leur médecin. Si ce dernier les déclare aptes, il leur est recommandé de respecter les consignes ci-dessus.

# **SECTION 3 – DEFINITIONS**

## 3-1. Symbol Definitions

	Stop Engine		Fast (Run, Weld/Power)	<b>&amp;</b>  ~	Fast/Slow (Run/Idle)	•	Slow (Idle)
	Start Engine		Read Operator's Manual	A	Amperes	V	Volts
	Engine Oil		Fuel	- +	Battery (Engine)		Engine
\	Engine Choke	*	Check Valve Clearance	(0	Circuit Breaker		Temperature
+	Positive		Negative	>	Alternating Current (AC)	ф	Output
h	Hours	S	Seconds	$\Theta$	Time		Protective Earth (Ground)
<u>/.</u>	Welding Arc (Electrode)	·-/-	Stick (SMAW)		Fuse		

# **SECTION 4 – SPECIFICATIONS**

## 4-1. Weld, Power, and Engine Specifications

Note 🖃

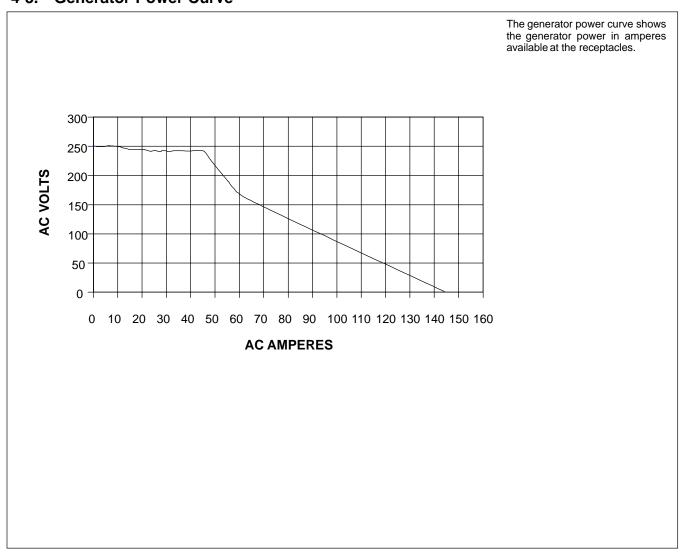
This unit uses either an Onan or a Kohler engine. Differences between models are noted throughout this manual.

Welding Mode	Weld Output Range	Rated Welding Output	Maximum Open Circuit Voltage	Single-Phase Generator Power Rating	Fuel Capacity	Engine
CC/DC	50 – 230 A	230 A, 25 V, 30% Duty Cycle 210 A, 25 V, 60% Duty Cycle 170 A, 25 V, 100% Duty Cycle	73	Peak: 10 kVA/kW, 84/42 A, 120/240 V AC, 60 Hz Continuous: 9.5 kVA/kW (while not welding)	10 gal (38 L) Tank	Onan Air-Cooled, Two-Cylinder, Four-Cycle, 20.5 HP Gasoline Engine or Kohler CH-20 Air-Cooled, Two-Cylinder, Four-Cycle, 20 HP Gasoline Engine

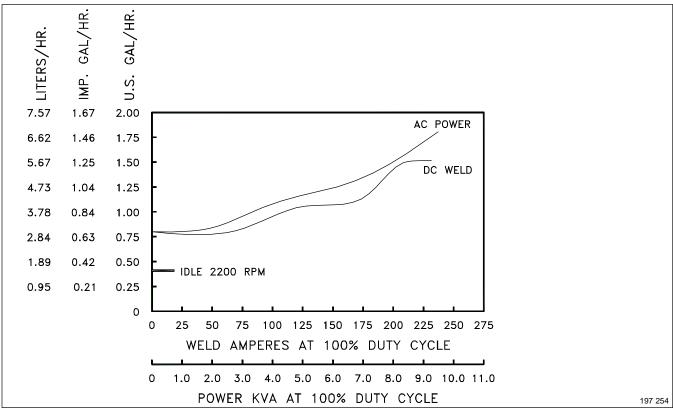
## 4-2. Dimensions, Weights, and Operating Angles

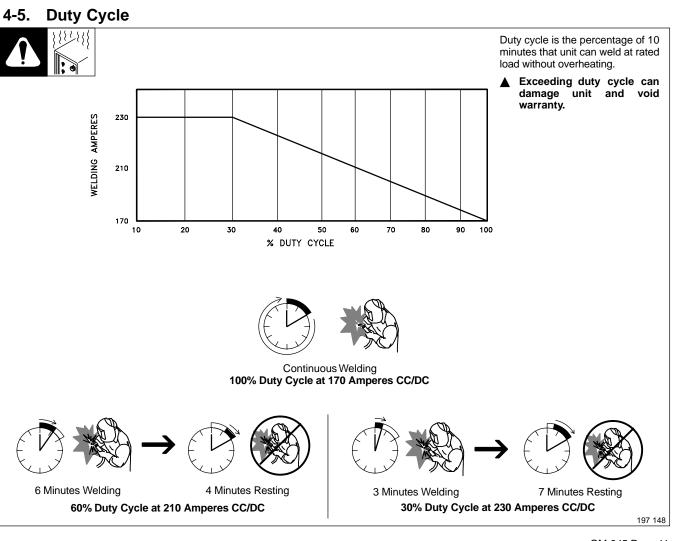
	Dimensions					
Height	33-1/2 in (851 mm)		r	A	<del>_</del>	<u> </u>
Width	18-1/2 in (470 mm)		c —	— в —		A. Be and assessed till an other an engine and the
Depth	38 in (965 mm)		Þ		G 4 HOLES	▲ Do not exceed tilt angles or engine could be damaged or unit could tip.
Α	18 in (457 mm)					▲ Do not move or operate unit where it could tip.
В	16-9/16 in (421 mm)					
С	23/32 in (18 mm)					
D	3 in (76 mm)	F	E			25°
E	31-1/2 in (800 mm)					
F	37-1/2 in (953 mm)					25° 25°
G	13/32 in (10 mm) Dia.					25°
	Weight					
Onan-P	owered Unit: 445 lb (202 kg)				<u> </u>	
Kohler-F	Powered Unit: 444 lb (201 kg)			Engine End	802 855	

#### 4-3. Generator Power Curve

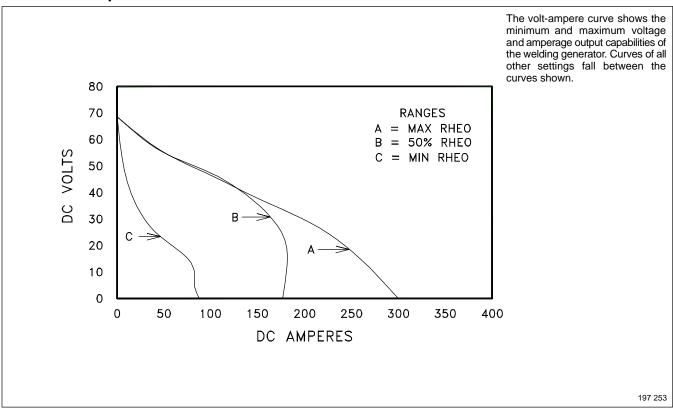


## 4-4. Fuel Consumption (All Models)





## 4-6. Volt-Ampere Curves

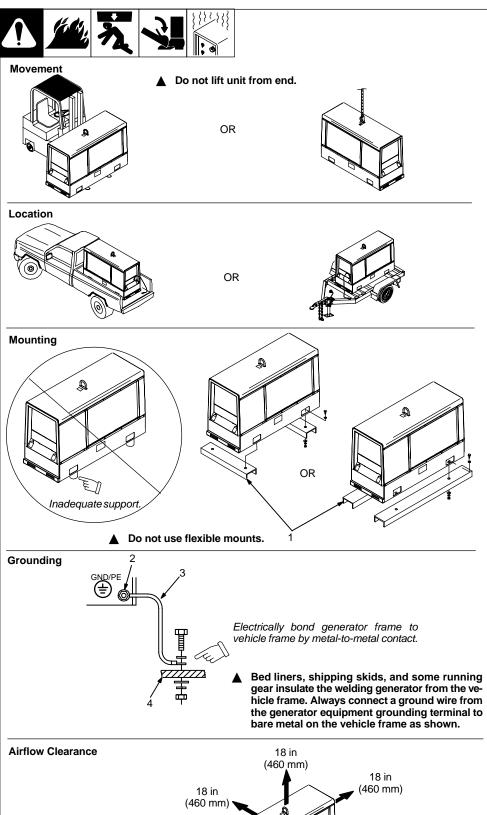


# **Notes**

MATERIAL THICKNESS REFERENCE CHART
24 Gauge (.025 in)
22 Gauge (.031 in)
20 Gauge (.037 in)
 18 Gauge (.050 in)
 16 Gauge (.063 in)
14 Gauge (.078 in)
1/8 in (.125 in)
3/16 in (.188 in)
1/4 in (.25 in)
5/16 in (.313 in)
3/8 in (.375 in)
1/2 in (.5 in)

# **SECTION 5 – INSTALLATION**

#### -1. Installing Welding Generator



18 in

(460 mm)

18 in

(460 mm)

- ▲ Do not weld on base. Welding on base can cause fuel tank fire or explosion. Bolt unit down using holes provided in base.
- ▲ Always securely fasten welding generator onto transport vehicle or trailer and comply with all DOT and other applicable codes.
- ▲ Do not mount unit by supporting the base <u>only</u> at the four mounting holes. Use cross-supports to adequately support unit and prevent damage to base.
- Always ground generator frame to vehicle frame to prevent electric shock and static electricity hazards.
- ▲ If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.

#### Mounting:

1 Cross-Supports

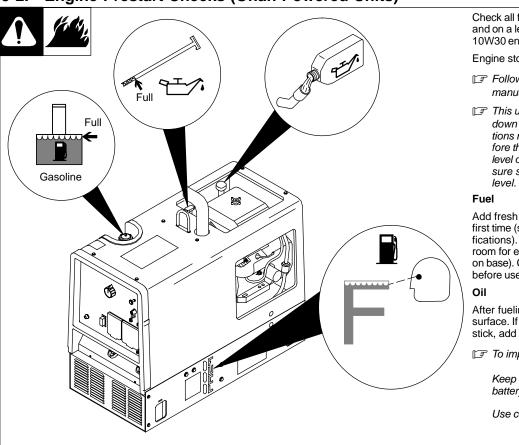
Mount unit on flat surface or use cross-supports to support base.

#### **Grounding:**

- 2 Equipment Grounding Terminal (On Front Panel)
- 3 Grounding Cable (Not Supplied)
- 4 Metal Vehicle Frame

Connect cable from equipment ground terminal to metal vehicle frame. Use #10 AWG or larger insulated copper wire.

#### 5-2. Engine Prestart Checks (Onan-Powered Units)



Check all fluids daily. Engine must be cold and on a level surface. Unit is shipped with 10W30 engine oil.

Engine stops if oil pressure gets too low.

- Follow run-in procedure in engine manual.
- This unit has a low oil pressure shutdown switch. However, some conditions may cause engine damage before the engine shuts down. Check oil level often and do not use the oil pressure shutdown system to monitor oil

Add fresh fuel before starting engine the first time (see maintenance label for specifications). Leave filler neck empty to allow room for expansion (see fuel tank window on base). Check fuel level on a cold engine before use each day.

After fueling, check oil with unit on level surface. If oil is not up to full mark on dipstick, add oil (see maintenance label).

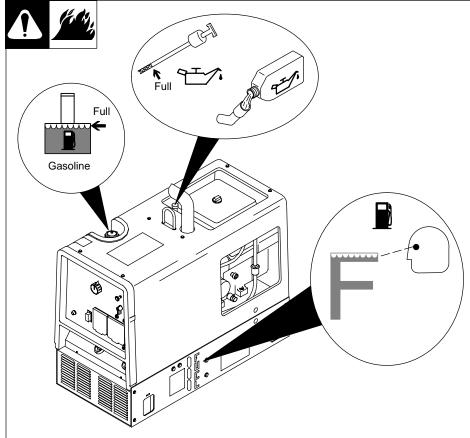
To improve cold weather starting:

Keep battery in good condition. Store battery in warm area.

Use correct grade oil for cold weather.

802 353-D

### 5-3. Engine Prestart Checks (Kohler-Powered Units)



Check all fluids daily. Engine must be cold and on a level surface. Unit is shipped with 10W30 engine oil.

Engine stops if oil pressure gets too low.

- Follow run-in procedure in engine manual.
- This unit has a low oil pressure shutdown switch. However, some conditions may cause engine damage before the engine shuts down. Check oil level often and do not use the oil pressure shutdown system to monitor oil level.

#### Fue

Add fresh fuel before starting engine the first time (see maintenance label for specifications). Leave filler neck empty to allow room for expansion (see fuel tank window on base). Check fuel level on a cold engine before use each day.

#### Oil

After fueling, check oil with unit on level surface. If oil is not up to full mark on dipstick, add oil (see maintenance label).

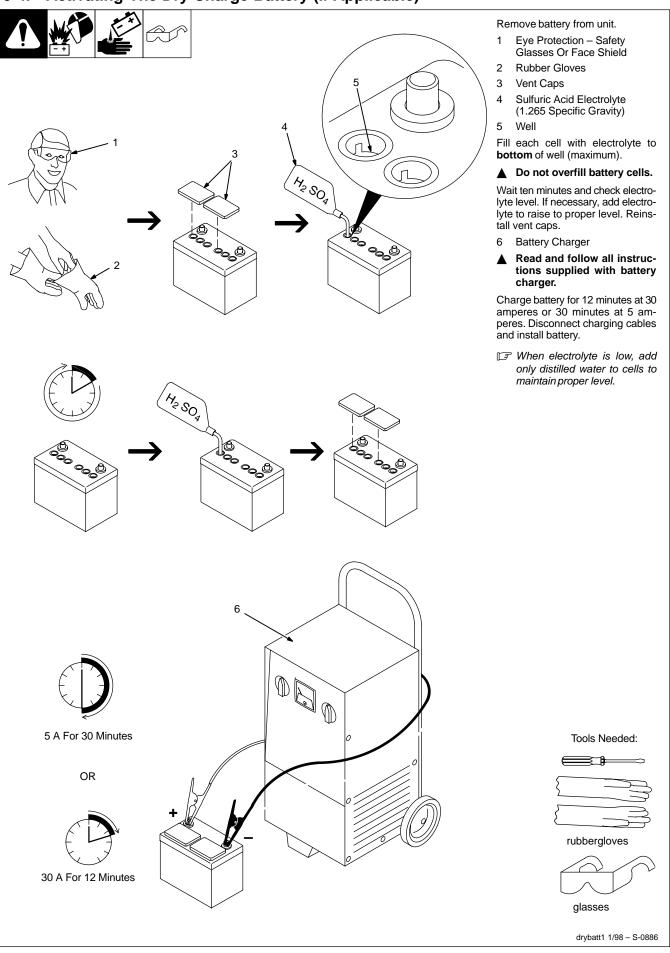
 $\ \ \square$  To improve cold weather starting:

Keep battery in good condition. Store battery in warm area.

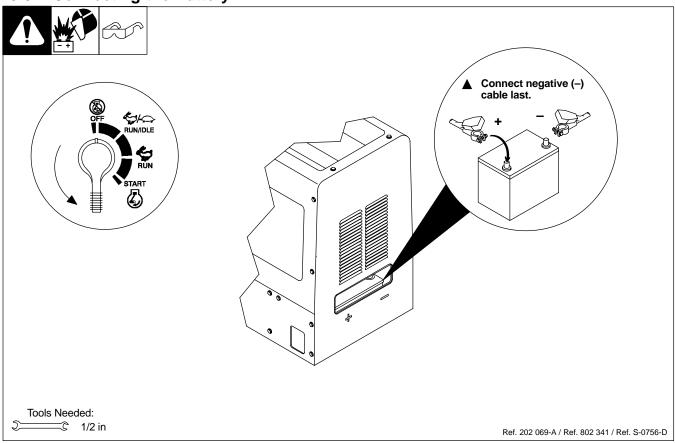
Use correct grade oil for cold weather.

802 339-B

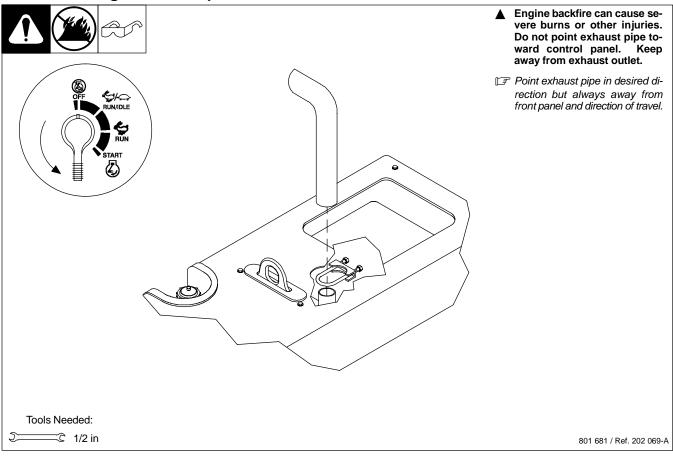
## 5-4. Activating The Dry Charge Battery (If Applicable)



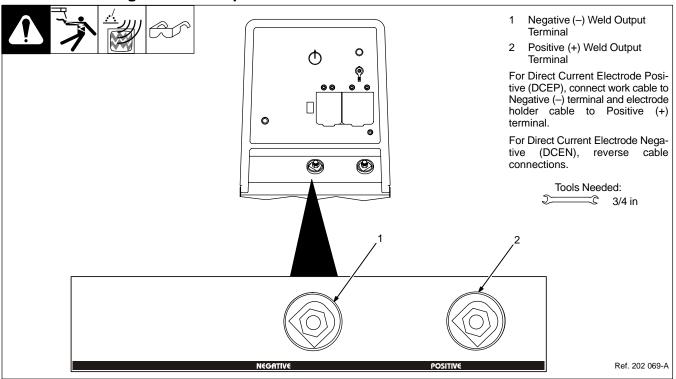
### 5-5. Connecting the Battery



## 5-6. Installing Exhaust Pipe



### 5-7. Connecting to Weld Output Terminals



## 5-8. Selecting Weld Cable Sizes\*

			Weld Cable Size** and Total Cable (Copper) Length in Weld Circuit Not Exceeding***								
		100 ft (30 m) or Less		150 ft (45 m)	200 ft (60 m)	250 ft (70 m)	300 ft (90 m)	350 ft (105 m)	400 ft (120 m)		
Weld Output Terminals											
▲ Turn off power before connecting to weld output terminals.	Welding Amperes	10 – 60% Duty Cycle	60 – 100% Duty Cycle		10	– 100% <b>[</b>	Outy Cycle	9			
▲ Do not use worn, damaged, undersized, or poorly spliced cables.		,,,,,	,								
	100	4 (20)	4 (20)	4 (20)	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	1/0 (60)		
	150	3 (30)	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	3/0 (95)		
	200	3 (30)	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	4/0 (120)		
	250	2 (35)	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)		
	300	1 (50)	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)		
	350	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 4/0 (2x120)		
	400	1/0 (60)	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 4/0 (2x120)	2 ea. 4/0 (2x120)		
	500	2/0 (70)	3/0 (95)	4/0 (120)	2 ea. 2/0 (2x70)	2 ea. 3/0 (2x95)	2 ea. 4/0 (2x120)	3 ea. 3/0 (3x95)	3 ea. 3/0 (3x95)		

<sup>\*</sup>This chart is a general guideline and may not suit all applications. If cable overheating occurs (normally you can smell it), use next size larger cable.

S-0007-E-

<sup>\*\*</sup>Weld cable size (AWG) is based on either a 4 volts or less drop or a current density of at least 300 circular mils per ampere.

<sup>() =</sup>  $mm^2$  for metric use

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>For distances longer than those shown in this guide, call a factory applications representative at 920-735-4505.

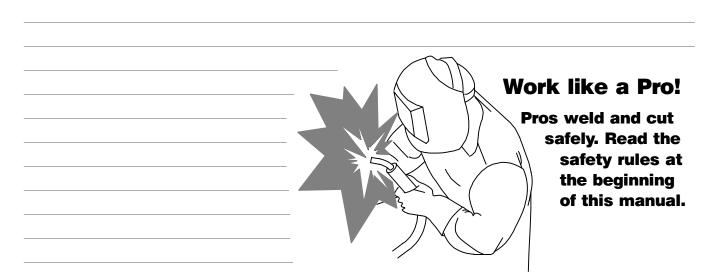
## 5-9. Amperage Selection Table For Stick (SMAW) Electrodes

ELECTRODE	DIAMETER	AMPERAGE RANGE						
ELE(	DIA		20		100	150	2	200
6010	3/32							
&	1/8							
6011	5/32							
0011	3/16							
	5/64							
	3/32							
6013	1/8							
	5/32							
	3/16							
	3/32							
7014	1/8							
	5/32							
	3/32							
7018	1/8							
	5/32							
	3/32							
7024	1/8							
	5/32							
	3/32							
Ni-CI	1/8							
	5/32							
	3/32							
308L	1/8							
	5/32							

Use table on front panel to select correct amperage for the electrode being used.

Ref. 202 069-A

# **Notes**



# **SECTION 6 – OPERATING THE WELDING GENERATOR**

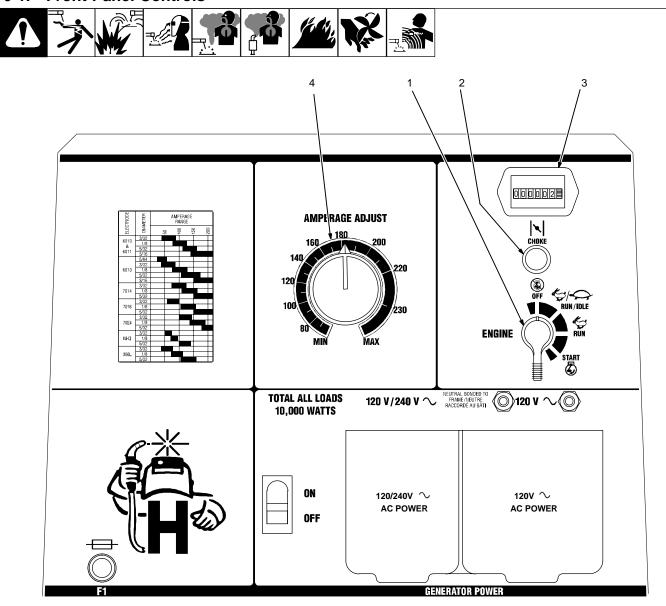
**NOTE** 



If the unit is extremely overloaded, weld and generator power will stop. Turn unit off and restart to reset the generator protection circuit and restore weld and generator power output.

If the rated output of the unit is exceeded, engine speed may vary rapidly until the weld or generator power load is reduced.

#### 6-1. Front Panel Controls



Ref. 202 069-A

#### 1 Engine Control Switch

Use switch to start engine, select speed, and stop engine. In Run/Idle position, engine runs at idle speed at no load, and weld/power speed under load. In Run position, engine runs at weld/power speed.

2 Engine Choke Control

Use control to change engine air-fuel mix.

**To Start**: pull out choke and turn Engine Control switch to Start position. Release switch and slowly push choke in when engine starts.

If the engine does not start, let the engine come to a complete stop before attempting restart.

**To Stop**: turn Engine Control switch to Off position.

- 3 Engine Hour Meter
- 4 Amperage Control

Use control to select weld amperage. Select amperage according to electrode being used (see Section 5-9). Control may be adjusted while welding. Control does not affect generator power output.

## **SECTION 7 – OPERATING AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT**

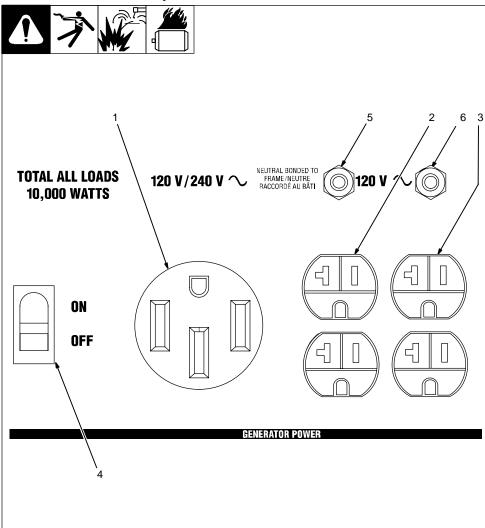
# NOTE []

If the unit is extremely overloaded, weld and generator power will stop. Turn unit off and restart to reset the generator protection circuit and restore weld and generator power output.

If the rated output of the unit is exceeded, engine speed may vary rapidly until the weld or generator power load is reduced.

The welding generator provides power while welding and with the Amperage control in any position. However, under these conditions equipment connected to the welding generator may be subject to larger than normal voltage fluctuations. It is recommended that only lamps be powered under these conditions.

#### 7-1. Standard Receptacles



- ▲ If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.
- 1 120/240 V 50 A AC Receptacle RC1

RC1 supplies 60 Hz single-phase power at weld/power speed. Maximum output is 10 kVA/kW.

- 2 120 V 20 A AC Duplex Receptacle RC2
- 3 120 V 20 A AC Duplex Receptacle RC3

RC2 and RC3 supply 60 Hz singlephase power at weld/power speed. Maximum output from RC2 or RC3 is 2.4 kVA/kW.

4 Circuit Breaker CB1

CB1 protects the ac receptacles from overload. If CB1 opens, the ac receptacles do not work.

- Move CB1 toggle switch to On position to reset circuit breaker. If breaker continues to open, contact Factory Authorized Service Agent.
- 5 Circuit Breaker CB2
- 6 Circuit Breaker CB3

CB2 protects RC2 and CB3 protects RC3 from overload. If a circuit breaker opens, the receptacle does not work.

Press button to reset circuit breaker. If breaker continues to open, contact Factory Authorized Service Agent.

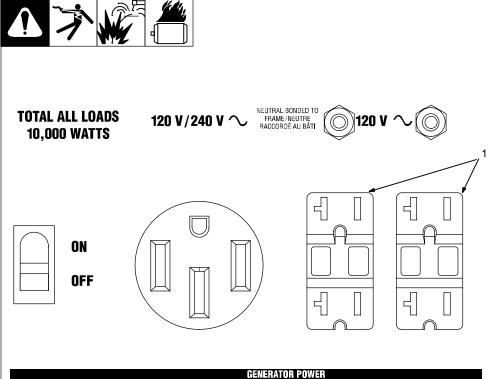
Combined output of all receptacles limited to 10 kVA/kW rating of the generator.

EXAMPLE: If 20 A is drawn from each 120 V duplex receptacle, only 21 A is available at the 240V receptacle:

 $2 \times (120 \text{ V} \times 20 \text{ A}) + (240 \text{ V} \times 21 \text{ A})$ = 10 kVA/kW (approx.).

202 069-

#### **Optional Generator Power Receptacles**



#### If unit does not have GFCI receptacles. use GFCIprotected extension cord.

Combined output of all receptacles limited to 10 kVA/kW rating of the generator.

#### **GFCI Receptacle Option**

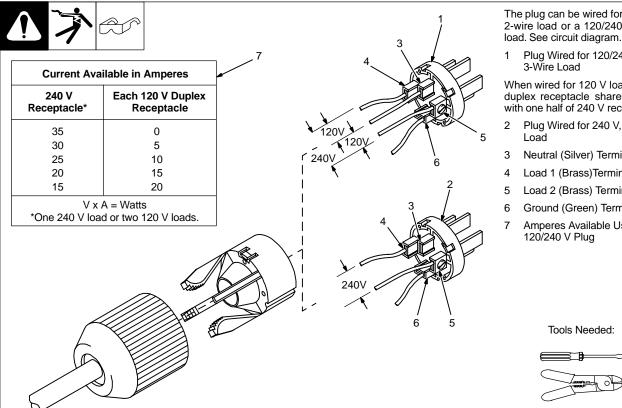
120 V 20 A AC GFCI Receptacles GFCI2 and GFCI3

GFCI2 and GFCI3 supply 60 Hz single-phase power at weld/power speed. Maximum output from GFCI2 or GFCI3 is 2.4 kVA/kW. Circuit breaker protection is the same as standard receptacles.

If a ground fault is detected, the GFCI Reset button pops out and the circuit opens to disconnect the faulty equipment. Check for damaged tools, cords, plugs, etc. connected to the receptacle. Press button to reset receptacle and resume operation.

IF At least once a month, run engine at weld/power speed and press Test button to verify GFCI is working properly.

#### 7-3. Wiring Optional 240 Volt Plug



The plug can be wired for a 240 V, 2-wire load or a 120/240V, 3-wire

Plug Wired for 120/240 V,

When wired for 120 V loads, each duplex receptacle shares a load with one half of 240 V receptacle.

- Plug Wired for 240 V, 2-Wire
- Neutral (Silver) Terminal
- Load 1 (Brass)Terminal
- Load 2 (Brass) Terminal
- Ground (Green) Terminal
- Amperes Available Using

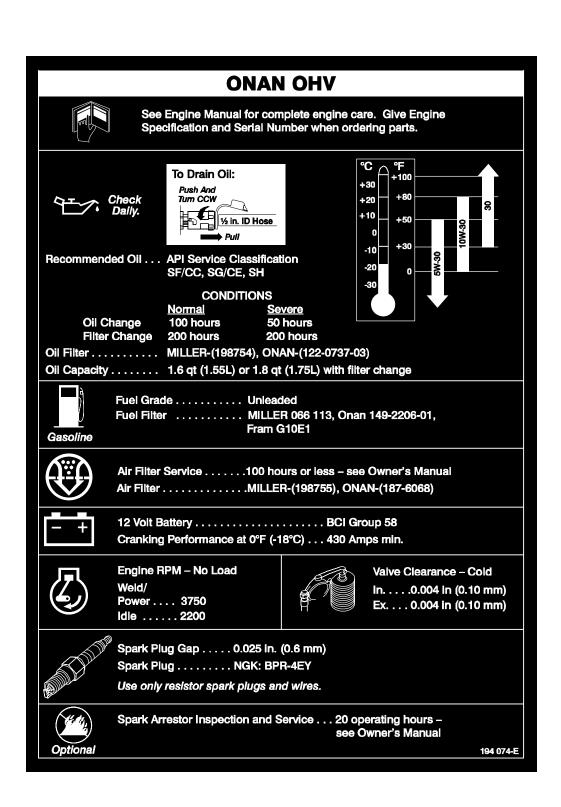
Tools Needed:



120 813-D

# **SECTION 8 – MAINTENANCE (ONAN-POWERED UNITS)**

#### 8-1. Maintenance Label (Onan-Powered Units)



#### 8-2. Routine Maintenance (Onan-Powered Units)

# Note 🖃

Follow the storage procedure in the engine owner's manual if the unit will not be used for an extended period.















#### ▲ Stop engine before maintaining.

- See also Engine Manual and maintenance label. Service engine more often if used in severe conditions.
- To be done by Factory Authorized Service Agent.

# Every 8 h

Check fluid levels. See Section 5-2.



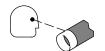


Wipe up spills.

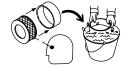


🕘 20 h

Check and clean spark arrestor screen. See Section 8-5.



Service air cleaner wrapper (foam element). See Section 8-3.



25 h

Every 50 h

Clean and tighten weld terminals.



## **Every 100 h**

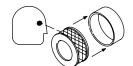
Change oil. See Section 8-6 and maintenance label.



Clean cooling system. See Engine Manual.



Service air cleaner element. See Section 8-3.



Clean and tighten battery connections.

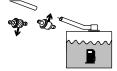


## Every 200 h

Change oil filter. See Section 8-6 and maintenance label.



Replace fuel filter. See Section 8-6.

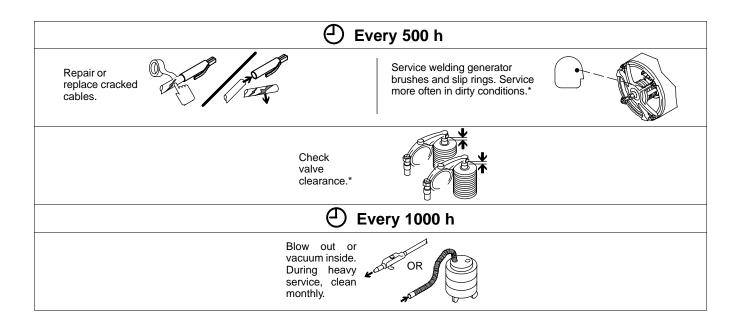


Check spark plugs.

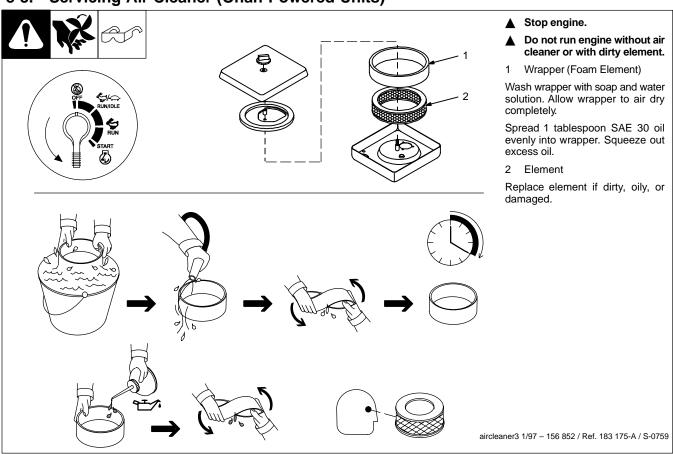


Replace unreadable labels.

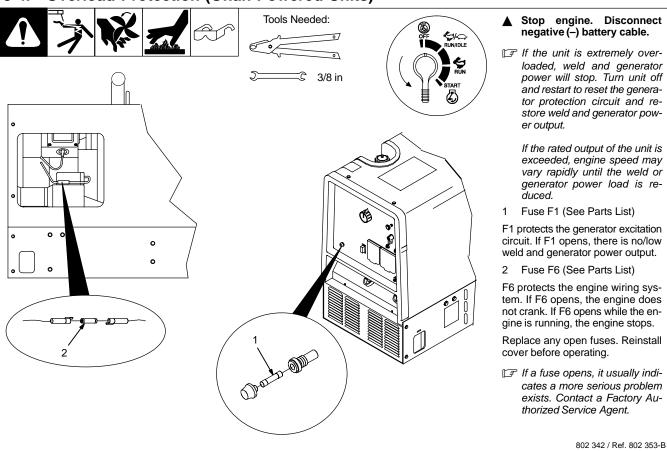




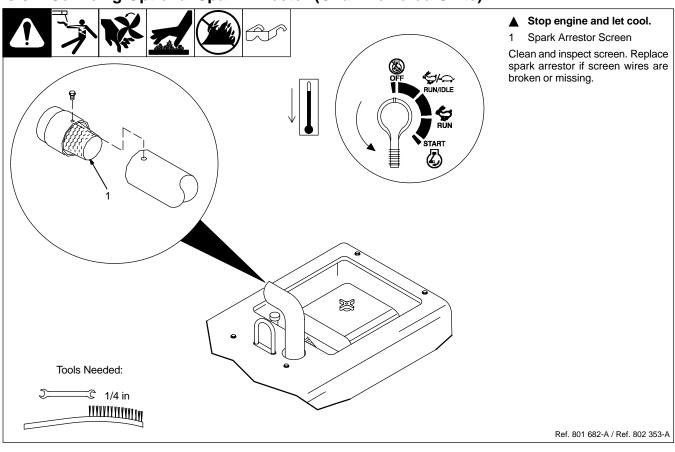
## 8-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Onan-Powered Units)



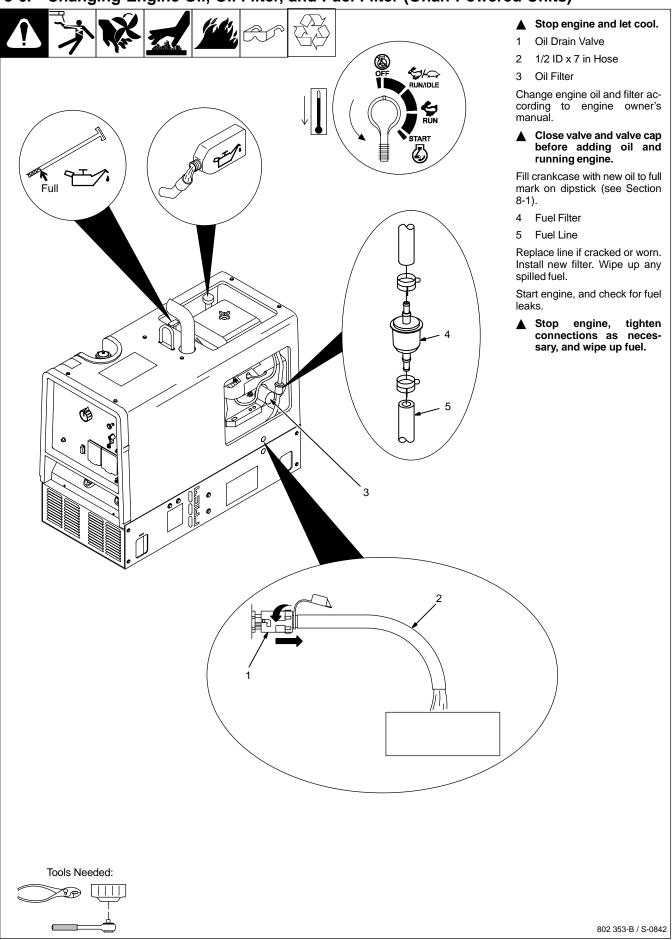
#### 8-4. Overload Protection (Onan-Powered Units)



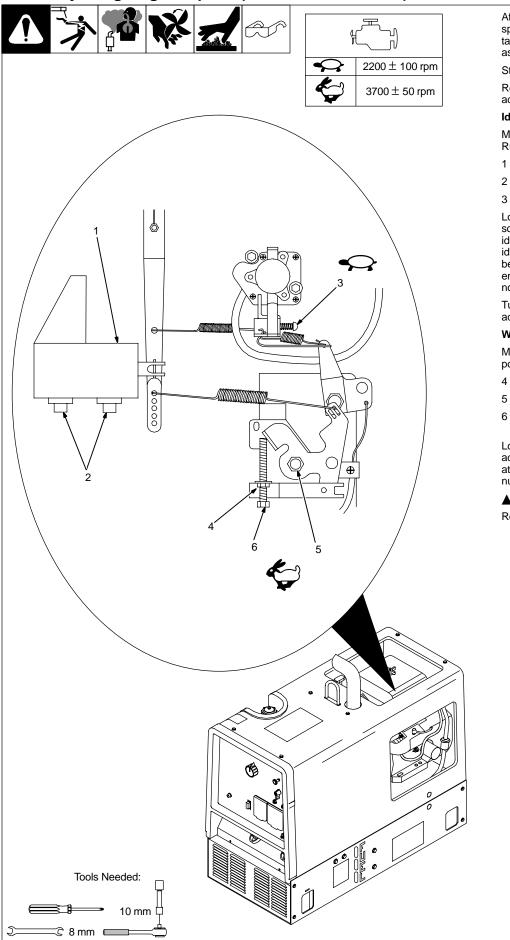
### 8-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Onan-Powered Units)



## 8-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Onan-Powered Units)



#### 8-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Onan-Powered Units)



After tuning engine, check engine speeds with a tachometer (see table). If necessary, adjust speeds as follows:

Start engine and run until warm.

Remove wrapper to access speed adjustments.

#### **Idle Speed Adjustment**

Move Engine Control switch to Run/Idle position.

- 1 Throttle Solenoid
- 2 Mounting Screws
- 3 Idle Speed Screw

Loosen mounting screws. Adjust solenoid position so engine runs at idle speed. If necessary, back out idle speed screw so solenoid can be moved to correct position. Tighten mounting screws. Be sure solenoid linkage works smoothly.

Turn idle speed screw for fine adjustments.

#### Weld/Power Speed Adjustment

Move Engine Control switch to Run position.

- 4 Jam Nut
- 5 Lock Nut
- 6 Weld/Power Speed Adjustment Screw

Loosen jam nut and lock nut. Turn adjustment screw until engine runs at weld/power speed. Tighten jam nut, and then tighten lock nut.

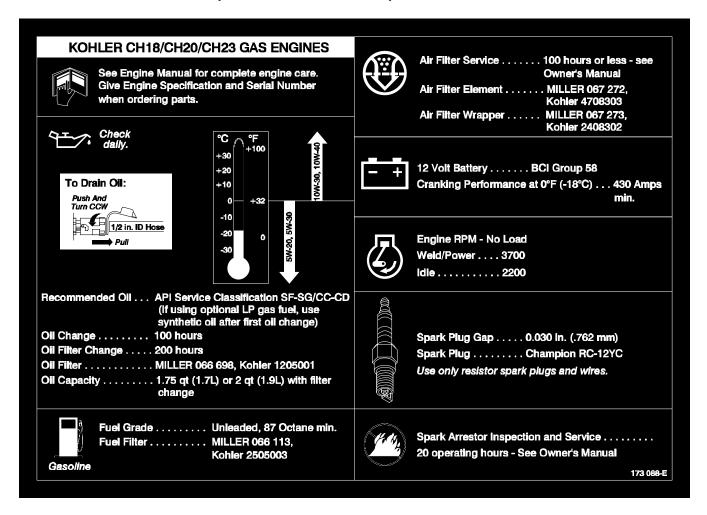
#### ▲ Stop engine.

Reinstall wrapper.

802 353-B / 802 457

# SECTION 9 - MAINTENANCE - (KOHLER-POWERED UNITS)

#### 9-1. Maintenance Label (Kohler-Powered Units)



#### 9-2. Routine Maintenance (Kohler-Powered Units)

# Note 🖃

Follow the storage procedure in the engine owner's manual if the unit will not be used for an extended period.













#### ▲ Stop engine before maintaining.

- See also Engine Manual and maintenance label. Service engine more often if used in severe conditions.
- \* To be done by Factory Authorized Service Agent.

# Every 8 h

Wipe up spills.



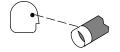
Check fluid levels. See Section 5-2.





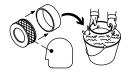
## Every 20 h

Check and clean optional spark arrestor screen. See Section 9-5.



## Every 25 h

Service air cleaner wrapper (foam element). See Section 9-3.



# Every 50 h

Clean and tighten weld terminals.

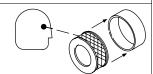


# **Every 100 h**

Change oil. See Section 9-6 and maintenance label.



Check air cleaner element. See Section 9-3.



Clean cooling system. See Engine Manual.



Clean and tighten battery connections.

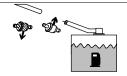


## Every 200 h

Change oil filter. See Section 9-6 and maintenance label.



Replace fuel filter. See Section 9-6.



Check spark plugs.

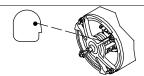


Replace unreadable labels.



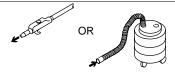


Service welding generator brushes and slip rings. Service more often in dirty conditions.\*

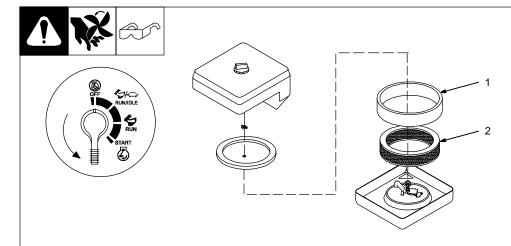


# Every 1000 h

Blow out or vacuum inside. During heavy service, clean monthly.



## 9-3. Servicing Air Cleaner (Kohler-Powered Units)



#### ▲ Stop engine.

# ▲ Do not run engine without air cleaner or with dirty element.

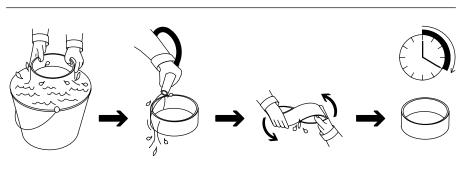
#### 1 Wrapper (Foam Element)

Wash wrapper with soap and water solution. Allow wrapper to air dry completely.

Spread 1 tablespoon SAE 30 oil evenly into wrapper. Squeeze out excess oil.

#### 2 Element

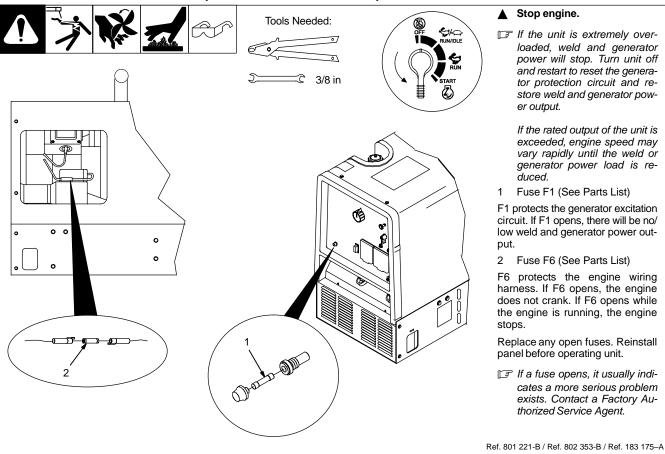
Replace element if dirty, oily, or damaged.



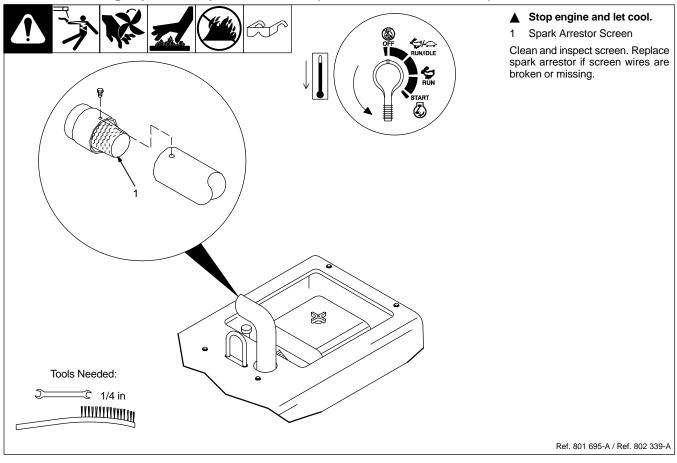


aircleaner3 1/97 - 802 772 / Ref. 183 175-A / S-0759

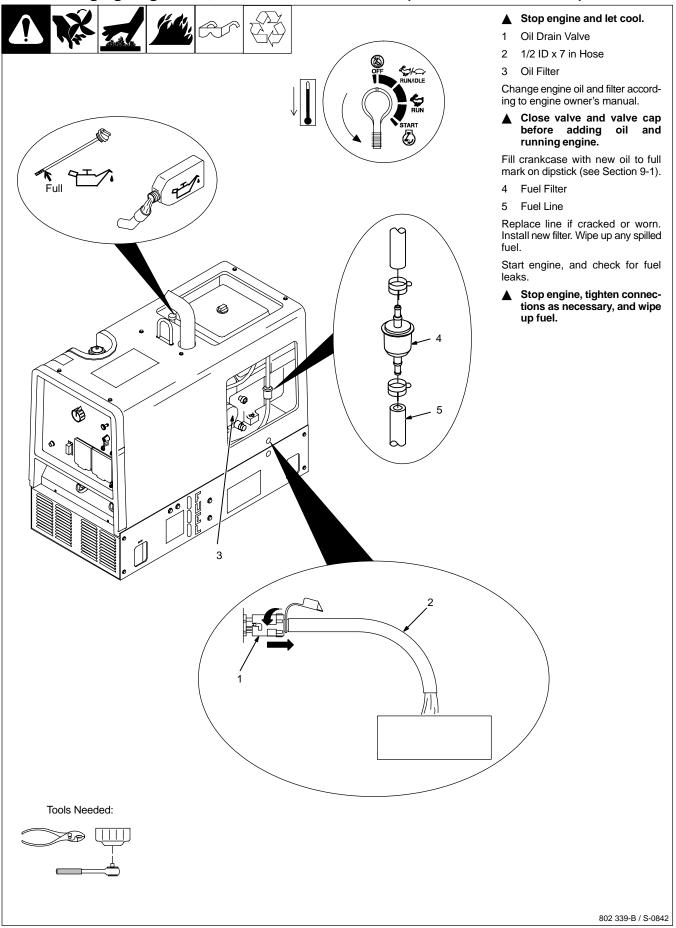
#### 9-4. Overload Protection (Kohler-Powered Units)



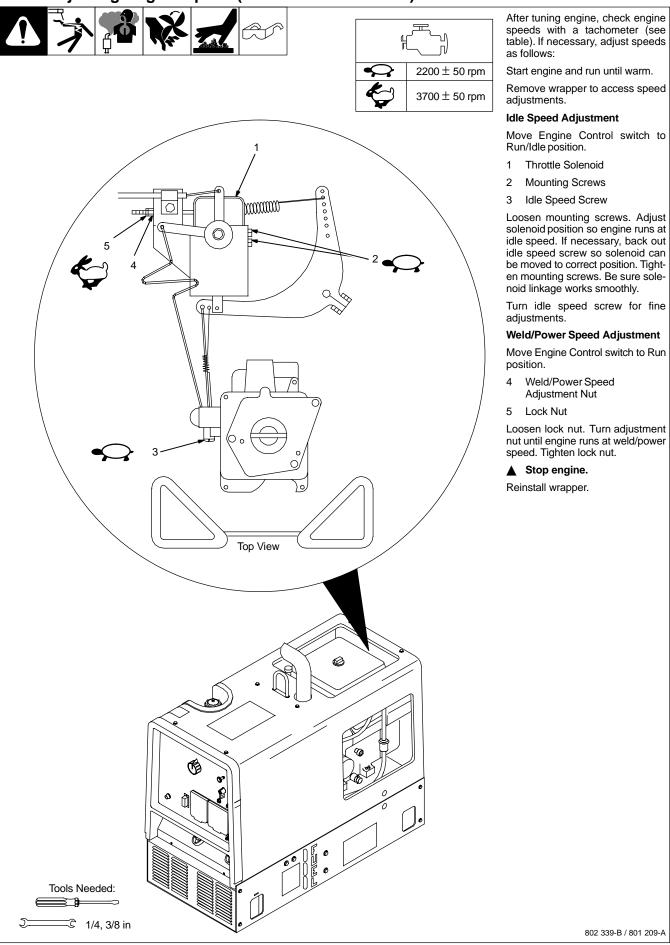
### 9-5. Servicing Optional Spark Arrestor (Kohler-Powered Units)



## 9-6. Changing Engine Oil, Oil Filter, and Fuel Filter (Kohler-Powered Units)



#### 9-7. Adjusting Engine Speed (Kohler-Powered Units)



# **SECTION 10 – TROUBLESHOOTING**

# 10-1. Troubleshooting



## A. Welding

Trouble	Remedy
No weld output.	Check control settings.
	Check weld connections.
	Check fuse F1 and replace if open (see Section 8-4 or 9-4).
	Unit overloaded. Stop unit and reduce load. Restart unit to reset generator protection circuit and resume operation.
	Be sure all equipment is disconnected from receptacles when starting unit.
	Check plug PLG6 connection.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes, slip rings, integrated rectifier SR2 and field control board PC1.
Low weld output.	Check fuse F1 and replace if open (see Section 8-4 or 9-4).
	Check control settings.
	Check engine speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-7 or 9-7).
	Service air cleaner according to engine manual.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings and field control board PC1.
High weld output.	Check control settings.
	Check engine speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-7 or 9-7).
Erratic weld output.	Check control settings.
	Tighten and clean connections to electrode and workpiece.
	Use dry, properly-stored electrodes for Stick and TIG welding.
	Remove excessive coils from weld cables.
	Clean and tighten connections both inside and outside welding generator.
	Check engine speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-7 or 9-7).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings.

#### **B.** Generator Power

Trouble	Remedy
No output at generator power ac	Reset circuit breakers (see Section 7-1 or 7-2).
receptacles.	Press optional GFCI receptacle Reset button (see Section 7-2).
	Check fuse F1 and replace if open (see Section 8-4 or 9-4).
	Unit overloaded. Stop unit and reduce load. Restart unit to reset generator protection circuit and resume operation.
	Check plug PLG6 connection.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes, slip rings, integrated rectifier SR2 and field control board PC1.
High power output at generator power ac receptacles.	Check engine speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-7 or 9-7).
Low power output at generator power ac receptacles.	Check fuse F1 and replace if open (see Section 8-4 or 9-4).
	Check engine speed, and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-7 or 9-7).

Trouble	Remedy
Erratic power output at generator power ac receptacles.	Check fuel level.
	Check engine speed and adjust if necessary (see Section 8-7 or 9-7).
	Check receptacle wiring and connections.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check brushes and slip rings.

# C. Engine

Trouble	Remedy
Engine will not crank.	Check fuse F6, and replace if open (see Section 8-4 or 9-4).
	Check battery voltage.
	Check battery connections and tighten if necessary.
	Check plug PLG4 and plug PLG8 connections.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check Engine Control switch S2.
Engine will not start.	Check fuel level.
	Check battery voltage.
	Check battery connections and tighten if necessary.
	Check oil level (see Section 5-2 or 5-3).
	Check low oil pressure shutdown switch (see Parts List for location).
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check fuel shutoff solenoid FS1.
Engine starts, but stops when Engine	Check oil level.
Control switch returns to Run position.	Check and refill crankcase with proper viscosity oil for operating temperature, if necessary.
	Check low oil pressure shutdown switch (see Parts List for location).
Engine stopped during normal	Check fuel level.
operation.	Check oil level (see Section 5-2 or 5-3).
	Check fuse F6, and replace if open (see Section 8-4 or 9-4).
	Check low oil pressure shutdown switch (see Parts List for location)
	Periodically recharge battery (approximately every 3 months).
	Replace battery.
	Check voltage regulator and connections according to engine manual.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check fuel shutoff solenoid FS1.
Battery Discharges between uses.	Clean battery, terminals, and posts with baking soda and water solution; rinse with clear water.
	Periodically recharge battery (approximately every 3 months).
	Replace battery.
	Check voltage regulator and connections according to engine manual.
Engine idles, but does not come up to weld speed.	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check field control board PC1, and current transformer CT1.
Engine speed varies rapidly under heavy generator power load.	Reduce generator power load at ac receptacles.
Unstable or sluggish engine speeds.	Readjust throttle linkage if necessary. Check throttle solenoid TS1 for smooth operation.
	Tune-up engine according to engine manual.
Engine does not return to idle speed.	Remove weld and generator power loads.
	Check throttle linkage for smooth, non-binding operation.
	Have Factory Authorized Service Agent check current transformer CT1, Engine Control switch S2, throttle solenoid TS1, and field control board PC1.

# **SECTION 11 – ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM**

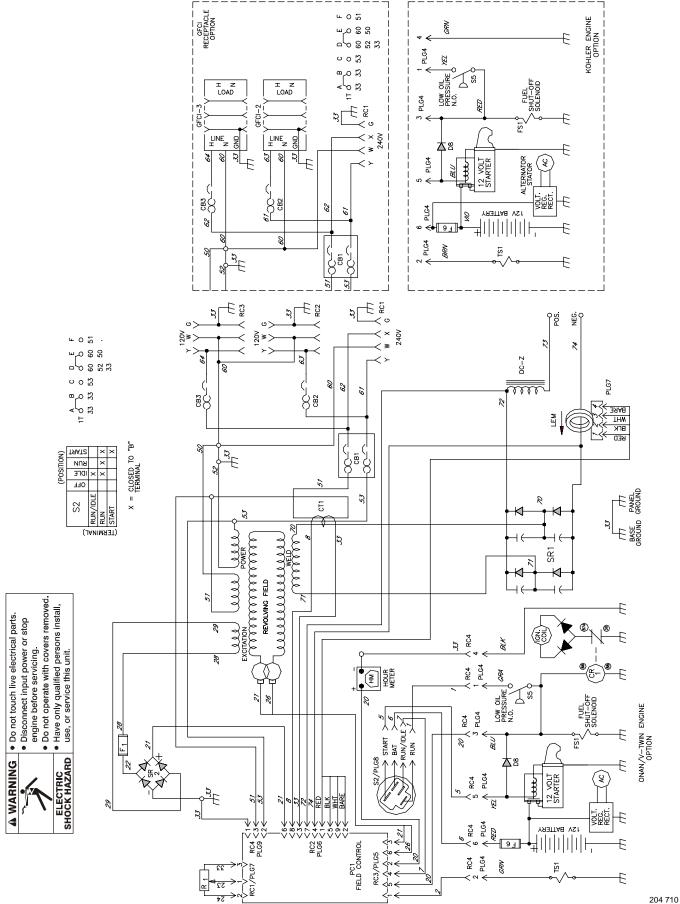


Figure 10-1. Circuit Diagram For Welding Generator (Onan And Kohler-Powered Units)

# **SECTION 12 – GENERATOR POWER GUIDELINES**

**NOTE** 

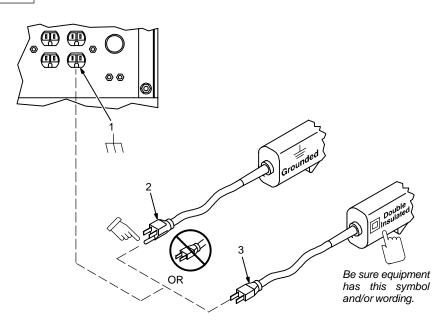


The views in this section are intended to be representative of all engine-driven welding generators. Your unit may differ from those shown.

#### 12-1. Selecting Equipment







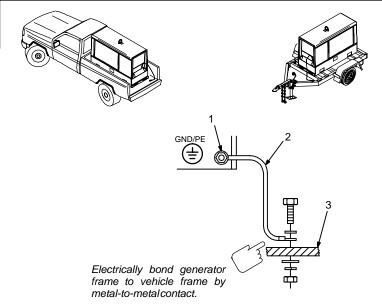
- 1 Generator Power Receptacles– Neutral Bonded To Frame
- 2 3-Prong Plug From Case Grounded Equipment
- 3 2-Prong Plug From Double Insulated Equipment
- Do not use 2-prong plug unless equipment is double insulated.

gen\_pwr 11/02 - Ref. ST-159 730 / ST-800 577

### 2-2. Grounding Generator To Truck Or Trailer Frame







▲ Bed liners, shipping skids, an some running gear insulate the welding generator from the vehicle frame. Always connect a ground wire from the generator equipment grounding terminal to bare metal on the vehicle frame as shown.

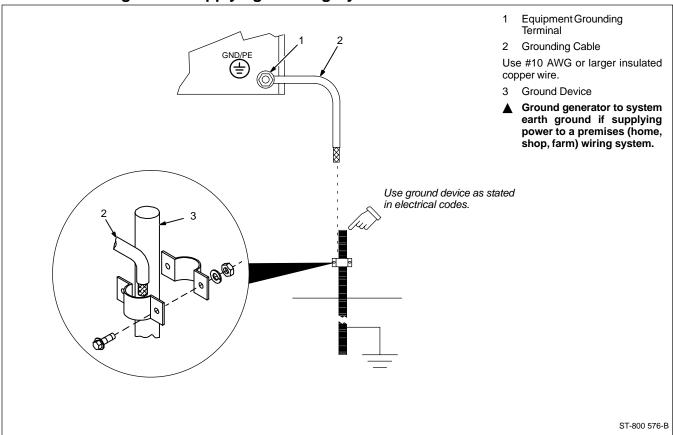
- ▲ Always ground generator frame to vehicle frame to prevent electric shock and static electricity hazards.
- Equipment Grounding Terminal (On Front Panel)
- Grounding Cable (Not Supplied)
- 3 Metal Vehicle Frame

Connect cable from equipment ground terminal to metal vehicle frame. Use #10 AWG or larger insulated copper wire.

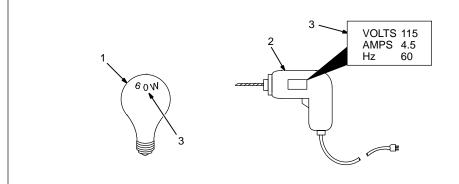
▲ If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.

S-0854

## 12-3. Grounding When Supplying Building Systems



#### 12-4. How Much Power Does Equipment Require?



#### AMPERES x VOLTS = WATTS

**EXAMPLE 1:** If a drill uses 4.5 amperes at 115 volts, calculate its running power requirement in watts.

4.5 A x 115 V = 520 W

The load applied by the drill is 520 watts.

**EXAMPLE 2:** If three 200 watt flood lamps are used with the drill from Example 1, add the individual loads to calculate total load.

(200 W + 200 W + 200 W) + 520 W = 1120 W

The total load applied by the three flood lamps and drill is 1120 watts.

# Resistive Load

A light bulb is a resistive load and requires a constant amount of power.

#### 2 Non-Resistive Load

Equipment with a motor is a non-resistive load and requires approximately six times more power while starting the motor than when running (see Section 12-8).

#### 3 Rating Data

Rating shows volts and amperes, or watts required to run equipment.

S-0623

# 12-5. Approximate Power Requirements For Industrial Motors

Industrial Motors	Rating	Starting Watts	Running Watts
Split Phase	1/8 HP	800	300
	1/6 HP	1225	500
	1/4 HP	1600	600
	1/3 HP	2100	700
	1/2 HP	3175	875
Capacitor Start-Induction Run	1/3 HP	2020	720
	1/2 HP	3075	975
	3/4 HP	4500	1400
	1 HP	6100	1600
	1-1/2 HP	8200	2200
	2 HP	10550	2850
	3 HP	15900	3900
	5 HP	23300	6800
Capacitor Start-Capacitor Run	1-1/2 HP	8100	2000
	5 HP	23300	6000
	7-1/2 HP	35000	8000
	10 HP	46700	10700
Fan Duty	1/8 HP	1000	400
	1/6 HP	1400	550
	1/4 HP	1850	650
	1/3 HP	2400	800
	1/2 HP	3500	1100

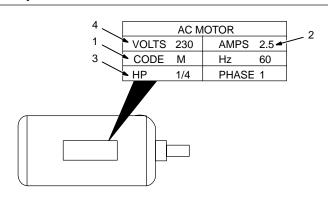
# 12-6. Approximate Power Requirements For Farm/Home Equipment

Farm/Home Equipment	Rating	Starting Watts	Running Watts
Stock Tank De-Icer		1000	1000
Grain Cleaner	1/4 HP	1650	650
Portable Conveyor	1/2 HP	3400	1000
Grain Elevator	3/4 HP	4400	1400
Milk Cooler		2900	1100
Milker (Vacuum Pump)	2 HP	10500	2800
FARM DUTY MOTORS	1/3 HP	1720	720
Std. (e.g. Conveyors,	1/2 HP	2575	975
Feed Augers, Air	3/4 HP	4500	1400
Compressors)	1 HP	6100	1600
	1-1/2 HP	8200	2200
	2 HP	10550	2850
	3 HP	15900	3900
	5 HP	23300	6800
High Torque (e.g. Barn	1-1/2 HP	8100	2000
Cleaners, Silo Unloaders,	5 HP	23300	6000
Silo Hoists, Bunk Feeders)	7-1/2 HP	35000	8000
	10 HP	46700	10700
3-1/2 cu. ft. Mixer	1/2 HP	3300	1000
High Pressure 1.8 Gal/Min	500 PSI	3150	950
Washer 2 gal/min	550 PSI	4500	1400
2 gal/min	700 PSI	6100	1600
Refrigerator or Freezer		3100	800
Shallow Well Pump	1/3 HP	2150	750
	1/2 HP	3100	1000
Sump Pump	1/3 HP	2100	800
	1/2 HP	3200	1050

# 12-7. Approximate Power Requirements For Contractor Equipment

Contractor	Rating	Starting Watts	Running Watts
Hand Drill	1/4 in	350	350
	3/8 in	400	400
	1/2 in	600	600
Circular Saw	6-1/2 in	500	500
	7-1/4 in	900	900
	8-1/4 in	1400	1400
Table Saw	9 in	4500	1500
	10 in	6300	1800
Band Saw	14 in	2500	1100
Bench Grinder	6 in	1720	720
	8 in	3900	1400
	10 in	5200	1600
Air Compressor	1/2 HP	3000	1000
	1 HP	6000	1500
	1-1/2 HP	8200	2200
	2 HP	10500	2800
Electric Chain Saw	1-1/2 HP, 12 in	1100	1100
	2 HP, 14 in	1100	1100
Electric Trimmer	Standard 9 in	350	350
	Heavy Duty 12 in	500	500
Electric Cultivator	1/3 HP	2100	700
Elec. Hedge Trimmer	18 in	400	400
Flood Lights	HID	125	100
	Metal Halide	313	250
	Mercury	1000	
	Sodium	1400	
	Vapor	1250	1000
Submersible Pump	400 gph	600	200
Centrifugal Pump	900 gph	900	500
Floor Polisher	3/4 HP, 16 in	4500	1400
	1 HP, 20 in	6100	1600
High Pressure Washer	1/2 HP	3150	950
	3/4 HP	4500	1400
	1 HP	6100	1600
55 gal Drum Mixer	1/4 HP	1900	700
Wet & Dry Vac	1.7 HP	900	900
	2-1/2 HP	1300	1300

#### 12-8. Power Required To Start Motor



#### **Single-Phase Induction Motor Starting Requirements**

Motor Start Code	G	Н	J	К	L	М	N	Р
KVA/HP	6.3	7.1	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.2	12.5	14.0

 $\frac{\text{kVA/HP x HP x 1000}}{\text{VOLTS}} = \text{STARTING AMPERAGE}$ 

**EXAMPLE:** Calculate the starting amperage required for a 230 V, 1/4 HP motor with a motor start code of M.

Volts = 230 HP = 1/4 Using Table, Code M results in kVA/HP = 11.2

 $\frac{11.2 \times 1/4 \times 1000}{230} = 12.2 \text{ A}$  Starting the motor requires 12.2 amperes.

- 1 Motor Start Code
- 2 Running Amperage
- 3 Motor HP
- 4 Motor Voltage

To find starting amperage:

**Step 1:** Find code and use table to find kVA/HP. If code is not listed, multiply running amperage by six to find starting amperage.

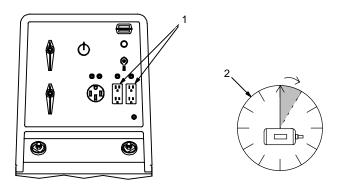
Step 2: Find Motor HP and Volts.

**Step 3:** Determine starting amperage (see example).

Welding generator amperage output must be at least twice the motor's running amperage.

S-0624

### 12-9. How Much Power Can Generator Supply?



 Limit Load To 90% Of Generator Output

Always start non-resistive (motor) loads in order from largest to smallest, and add resistive loads last.

#### 2 5 Second Rule

If motor does not start within 5 seconds, turn off power to prevent motor damage. Motor requires more power than generator can supply.

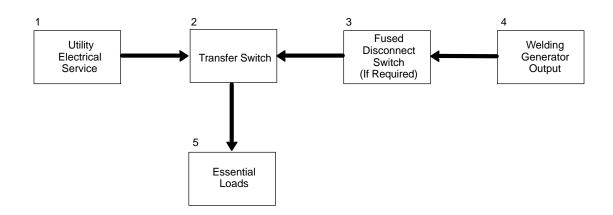
Ref. ST-800 396-A / S-0625

#### 12-10. Typical Connections To Supply Standby Power





Properly install and ground this equipment according to its Owner's Manual and national, state, and local codes.



- Have only qualified persons perform these connections according to all applicable codes and safety practices.
- Properly install and ground this equipment according to its Owner's Manual and national, state, and local codes.
- Customer-supplied equipment is required if generator will supply standby power during emergencies or power outages.
- 1 Utility Electrical Service
- 2 Transfer Switch (Double-Throw)

Switch transfers the electrical load from electric utility service to the generator. Transfer load back to electric utility when service is restored.

Install correct switch (customer-supplied). Switch rating must be same as or greater than the branch overcurrent protection.

3 Fused Disconnect Switch

Install correct switch (customer-supplied) if required by electrical code.

4 Welding Generator Output

Generator output voltage and wiring must be consistent with regular (utility) system voltage and wiring.

Connect generator with temporary or permanent wiring suitable for the installation.

Turn off or unplug all equipment connected to generator before starting or stopping engine. When starting or stopping, the engine has low speed which causes low voltage and frequency.

#### 5 Essential Loads

Generator output may not meet the electrical requirements of the premises. If generator does not produce enough output to meet all requirements, connect only essential loads (pumps, freezers, heaters, etc. – See Section 12-4).

# Work like a Pro! Pros weld and cut safely. Read the safety rules at the beginning of this manual.

# 12-11. Selecting Extension Cord (Use Shortest Cord Possible)



#### Cord Lengths for 120 Volt Loads

▲ If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.

		Maximum Allowable Cord Length in ft (m) for Conductor Size (AWG)*					/G)*
Current (Amperes)	Load (Watts)	4	6	8	10	12	14
5	600			350 (106)	225 (68)	137 (42)	100 (30)
7	840		400 (122)	250 (76)	150 (46)	100 (30)	62 (19)
10	1200	400 (122)	275 (84)	175 (53)	112 (34)	62 (19)	50 (15)
15	1800	300 (91)	175 (53)	112 (34)	75 (23)	37 (11)	30 (9)
20	2400	225 (68)	137 (42)	87 (26)	50 (15)	30 (9)	
25	3000	175 (53)	112 (34)	62 (19)	37 (11)		
30	3600	150 (46)	87 (26)	50 (15)	37 (11)		
35	4200	125 (38)	75 (23)	50 (15)			
40	4800	112 (34)	62 (19)	37 (11)			
45	5400	100 (30)	62 (19)				
50	6000	87 (26)	50 (15)				

<sup>\*</sup>Conductor size is based on maximum 2% voltage drop

#### Cord Lengths for 240 Volt Loads

▲ If unit does not have GFCI receptacles, use GFCI-protected extension cord.

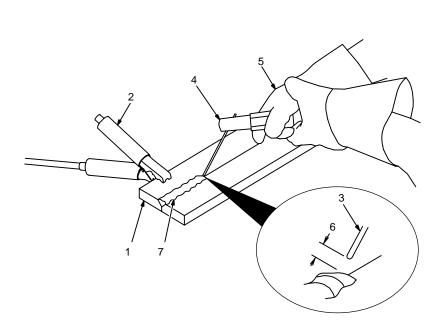
		Maximum Allowable Cord Length in ft (m) for Conductor Size (AWG)*					
Current (Amperes)	Load (Watts)	4	6	8	10	12	14
5	1200			700 (213)	450 (137)	225 (84)	200 (61)
7	1680		800 (244)	500 (152)	300 (91)	200 (61)	125 (38)
10	2400	800 (244)	550 (168)	350 (107)	225 (69)	125 (38)	100 (31)
15	3600	600 (183)	350 (107)	225 (69)	150 (46)	75 (23)	60 (18)
20	4800	450 (137)	275 (84)	175 (53)	100 (31)	60 (18)	
25	6000	350 (107)	225 (69)	125 (38)	75 (23)		
30	7000	300 (91)	175 (53)	100 (31)	75 (23)		
35	8400	250 (76)	150 (46)	100 (31)			
40	9600	225 (69)	125 (38)	75 (23)			
45	10,800	200 (61)	125 (38)				
50	12,000	175 (53)	100 (31)				

<sup>\*</sup>Conductor size is based on maximum 2% voltage drop

# **SECTION 13 – STICK WELDING (SMAW) GUIDELINES**



#### 13-1. Stick Welding Procedure



- Weld current starts when electrode touches workpiece.
- Weld current can damage electronic parts in vehicles. Disconnect both battery cables before welding on a vehicle. Place work clamp as close to the weld as possible.
- 1 Workpiece

Make sure workpiece is clean before welding.

- 2 Work Clamp
- 3 Electrode

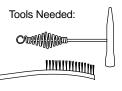
A small diameter electrode requires less current than a large one. Follow electrode manufacturer's instructions when setting weld amperage (see Section 13-2).

- 4 Insulated Electrode Holder
- 5 Electrode Holder Position
- 6 Arc Length

Arc length is the distance from the electrode to the workpiece. A short arc with correct amperage will give a sharp, crackling sound.

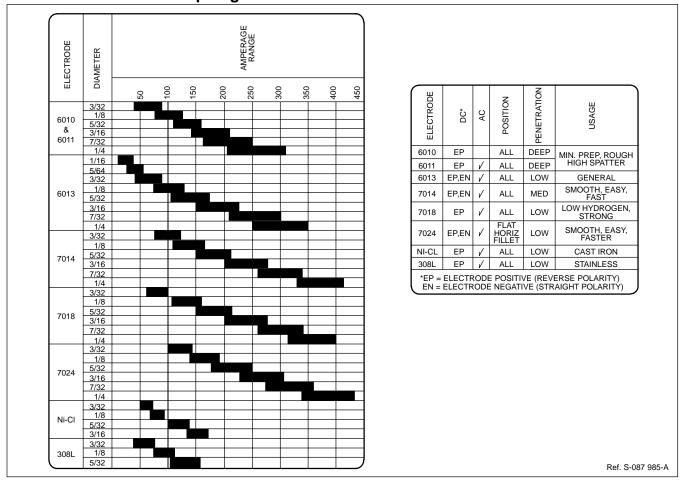
#### 7 Slag

Use a chipping hammer and wire brush to remove slag. Remove slag and check weld bead before making another weld pass.

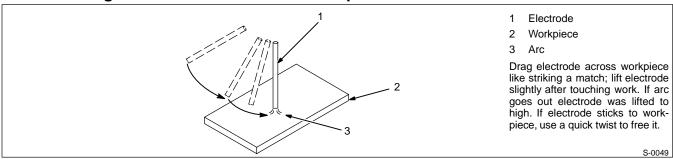


stick 12/96 - ST-151 593

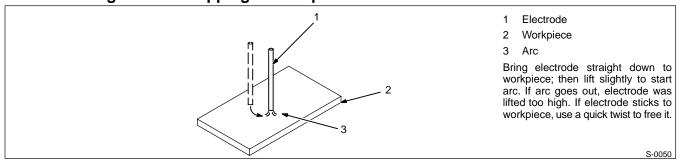
#### 13-2. Electrode and Amperage Selection Chart



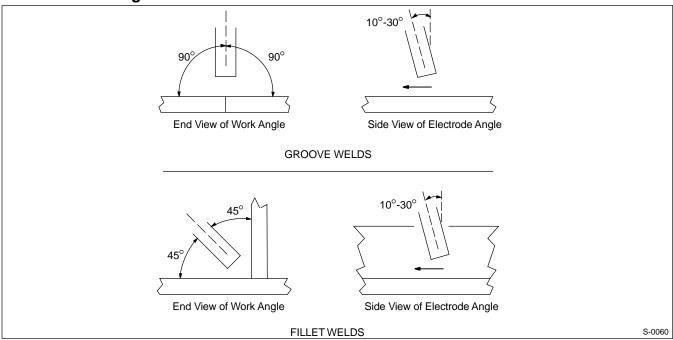
#### 13-3. Striking an Arc – Scratch Start Technique



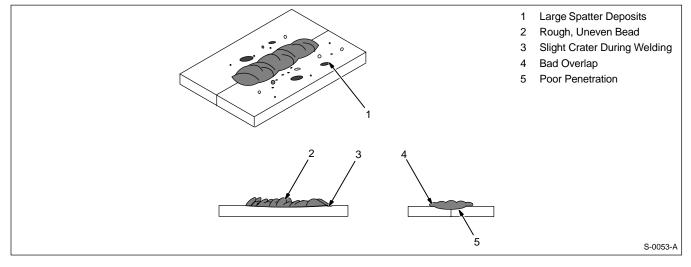
#### 13-4. Striking an Arc – Tapping Technique



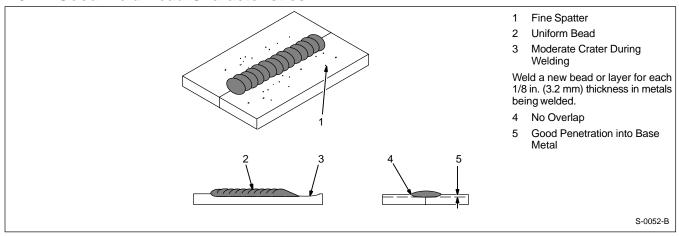
## 13-5. Positioning Electrode Holder



#### 13-6. Poor Weld Bead Characteristics



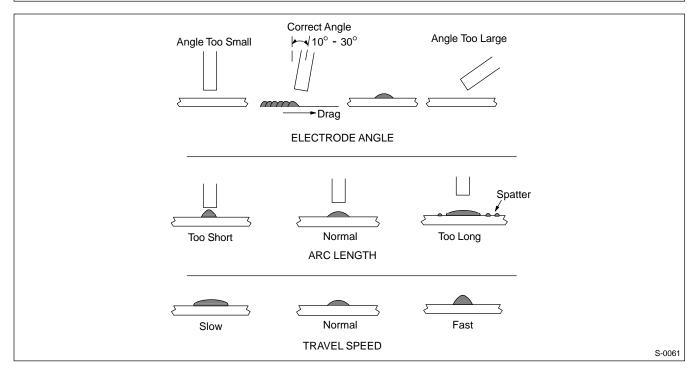
#### 13-7. Good Weld Bead Characteristics



## 13-8. Conditions That Affect Weld Bead Shape

**NOTE** 

Weld bead shape is affected by electrode angle, arc length, travel speed, and thickness of base metal.

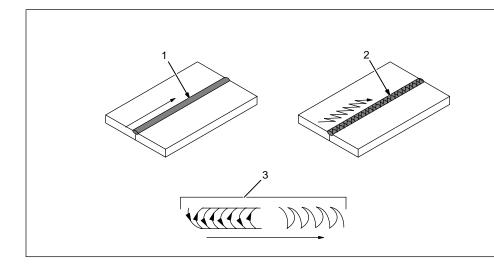


# 13-9. Electrode Movement During Welding

**NOTE** 



Normally, a single stringer bead is satisfactory for most narrow groove weld joints; however, for wide groove weld joints or bridging across gaps, a weave bead or multiple stringer beads work better.

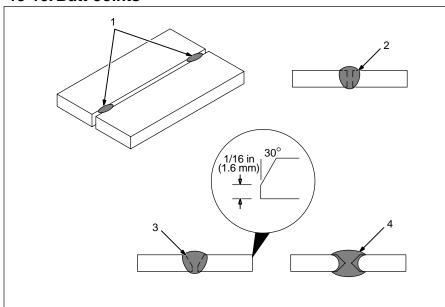


- Stringer Bead Steady Movement Along Seam
- Weave Bead Side to Side Movement Along Seam
- 3 Weave Patterns

Use weave patterns to cover a wide area in one pass of the electrode. Do not let weave width exceed 2-1/2 times diameter of electrode.

S-0054-A

#### 13-10. Butt Joints



#### Tack Welds

Prevent edges of joint from drawing together ahead of electrode by tack welding the materials in position before final weld.

#### Square Groove Weld

Good for materials up to 3/16 in (5 mm) thick.

#### Single V-Groove Weld

Good for materials 3/16 - 3/4 in (5-19 mm) thick. Cut bevel with oxyacetylene or plasma cutting equipment. Remove scale from material after cutting. A grinder can also be used to prepare bevels.

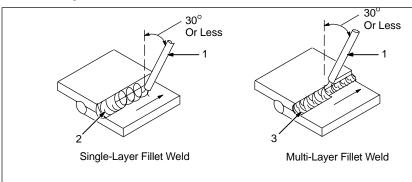
Create 30 degree angle of bevel on materials in V-groove welding.

#### Double V-Groove Weld

Good for materials thicker than 3/16 in (5 mm).

S-0662

## 13-11. Lap Joint



- Electrode 1
- 2 Single-Layer Fillet Weld

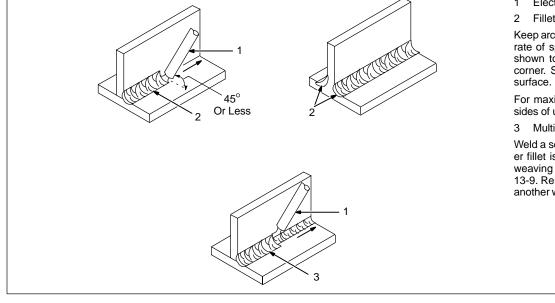
Move electrode in circular motion.

#### Multi-Layer Fillet Weld

Weld a second layer when a heavier fillet is needed. Remove slag before making another weld pass. Weld both sides of joint for maximum strength.

S-0063 / S-0064

#### 13-12. Tee Joint



- Electrode
- 2 Fillet Weld

Keep arc short and move at definite rate of speed. Hold electrode as shown to provide fusion into the corner. Square edge of the weld

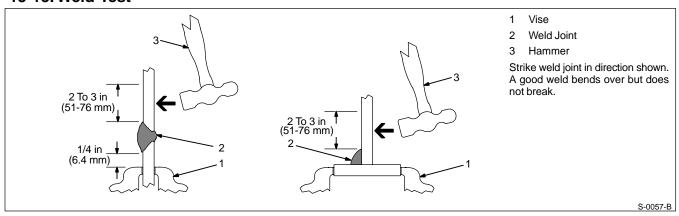
For maximum strength weld both sides of upright section.

#### 3 Multi-Layer Deposits

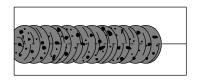
Weld a second layer when a heavier fillet is needed. Use any of the weaving patterns shown in Section 13-9. Remove slag before making another weld pass.

S-0060 / S-0058-A / S-0061

#### 13-13. Weld Test



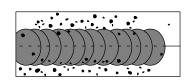
# 13-14. Troubleshooting - Porosity



Porosity – small cavities or holes resulting from gas pockets in weld metal.

Possible Causes	Corrective Actions
Arc length too long.	Reduce arc length.
Damp electrode.	Use dry electrode.
Workpiece dirty.	Remove all grease, oil, moisture, rust, paint, coatings, slag, and dirt from work surface before welding.

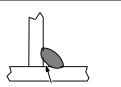
# 13-15. Troubleshooting – Excessive Spatter

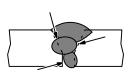


Excessive Spatter – scattering of molten metal particles that cool to solid form near weld bead.

Possible Causes	Corrective Actions
Amperage too high for electrode.	Decrease amperage or select larger electrode.
Arc length too long or voltage too high.	Reduce arc length or voltage.

# 13-16. Troubleshooting - Incomplete Fusion

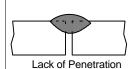


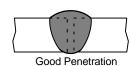


Incomplete Fusion – failure of weld metal to fuse completely with base metal or a preceeding weld bead.

Possible Causes	Corrective Actions		
Insufficient heat input.	Increase amperage. Select larger electrode and increase amperage.		
Improper welding technique.	Place stringer bead in proper location(s) at joint during welding.		
	Adjust work angle or widen groove to access bottom during welding.		
	Momentarily hold arc on groove side walls when using weaving technique.		
	Keep arc on leading edge of weld puddle.		
Workpiece dirty.	Remove all grease, oil, moisture, rust, paint, coatings, slag, and dirt from work surface before welding.		

# 13-17. Troubleshooting - Lack Of Penetration

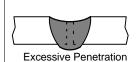


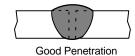


Lack Of Penetration – shallow fusion between weld metal and base metal.

Possible Causes	Corrective Actions	
Improper joint preparation.	Material too thick. Joint preparation and design must provide access to bottom of groove.	
Improper weld technique. Keep arc on leading edge of weld puddle.		
Insufficient heat input.	Increase amperage. Select larger electrode and increase amperage.	
	Reduce travel speed.	

# 13-18. Troubleshooting - Excessive Penetration

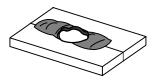




Excessive Penetration – weld metal melting through base metal and hanging underneath weld.

Possible Causes	Corrective Actions
Excessive heat input.	Select lower amperage. Use smaller electrode.
	Increase and/or maintain steady travel speed.

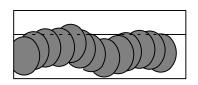
# 13-19. Troubleshooting - Burn-Through



Burn-Through – weld metal melting completely through base metal resulting in holes where no metal remains.

Possible Causes	Corrective Actions	
Excessive heat input.	Select lower amperage. Use smaller electrode.	
	Increase and/or maintain steady travel speed.	

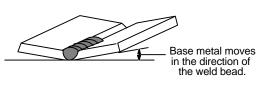
# 13-20. Troubleshooting - Waviness Of Bead



Waviness Of Bead – weld metal that is not parallel and does not cover joint formed by base metal.

Possible Causes	Corrective Actions
Unsteady hand.	Use two hands. Practice technique.

## 13-21. Troubleshooting - Distortion



Distortion – contraction of weld metal during welding that forces base metal to move.

Possible Causes	Corrective Actions	
Excessive heat input.	Use restraint (clamp) to hold base metal in position.	
	Make tack welds along joint before starting welding operation.	
	Select lower amperage for electrode.	
	Increase travel speed.	
	Weld in small segments and allow cooling between welds.	

# **SECTION 14 – PARTS LIST**

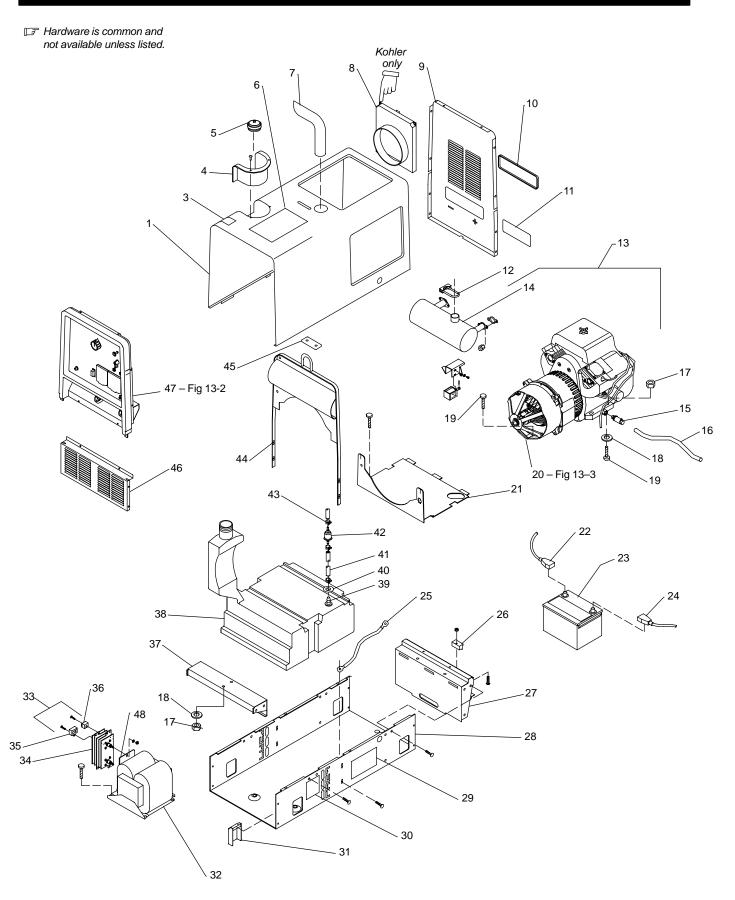


Figure 13-1. Main Assembly (Onan Engine Shown)

# Figure 13-1. Main Assembly

1 +193 777 Wrapper,	1
	1
6	
7	
8	
9 193 778 Panel, Rear	1
10	1
11 168 385 Label, Warning Battery Explosion Can Blind	
12 209 057 Clamp, Muffler 1.625 Dia U Pld	1
13	1
14	1
	2
*198 754 Filter, oil	1
*198 755 Element, air cleaner w/precleaner	1
	1
	1
*121 652 Filter, fuel w/clamps	1
*198 777 Plug, spark	
Solenoid w/ mtg bracket (see engine parts list)	1
	1
F6 *021 718 Fuse, Mintr GI 30. Amp 32 Volt	1
	1
oil filter, fuel filter, and spark plugs)	
13	
14 193 856 Muffler, Exhaust Engine (Kohler)	
*121 652 Filter, fuel w/clamps	
*067 273 Wrapper, air filter	1
	2
	1
15 165 271 Valve, Oil Drain 3/8–18 Nptf	1
F6*021 718 Fuse, Mintr GI 30. Amp 32 Volt	
	r.
16	1
17	
19	
. 20 Figure 13-3 Generator	
. 23	
26	
27 193 780 Bracket, Mtg Engine	
28 +193 783 Base	
29 194 074 Label, Engine Maintenance Onan/Robin Eh63	
29 173 088 Label, Engine Maintenance Kohler Ch18/Ch20	
30	
-	

#### Figure 13-1. Main Assembly (Continued)

31
32 DC-Z 205 978 Stabilizer Assy, 1
33
34 SR1 197 514 Rectifier, Si 1ph 240 Amp 400 Piv 60% Duty Cycle 1
35 LEM 191 941 Transducer, Current 1
PLG6, PLG7 204 705 Cable, Lem
36 SR2 035 704 Rectifier, Integ Bridge 40. Amp 800v
37 193 781 Bracket, Mtg Generator 1
38
39
40 124 253 Bushing, Tank Fuel 1
41
42
43 084 173 Clamp, Hose .460 – .545 Clp Dia Slfttng 3
44
45
46
47 Figure 13-2 Panel, Front w/Components 1
48
600 319 Cable, Weld Cop Strd No 2 Epdm Jkt (order by ft)
040 234 Af–2 Holder, Electrode 200a 1

<sup>+</sup>When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered.

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

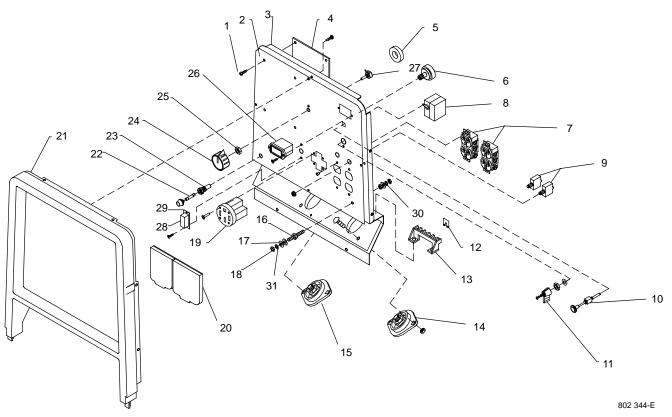


Figure 13-2. Panel, Front w/Components

<sup>\*</sup> Recommended Spare Parts.

Item	Dia.	Part		
No.	Mkas.	No.	Description	Quantity

Figure 13-2. Panel, Front w/Components (Figure 13-1 Item 47)

rigure 13-2. Panel, Front W.Components (Figure 13-1 Item 47)					
. 2	Panel, Front				
PLG8 177 859	Harness, Wrg Ignition (consisting of)				
	Conn, Rect Univ 084 3p/S 1row Plug Cable Lkg (Housing, Pins &				
7 . GFCl2, GFCl3 . ♦151 981 8 CB1 200 929 9 CB2, CB3 093 996 10 203 993	Rcpt, Str Dx Grd 2p3w 20a 125v *5–20r       2         Rcpt, Str Dx Grd 2p3w 15/20a 125v *5–20r GFI       2         Circuit Breaker, Man Reset 2p 50a 240vac Screw–90       1         Circuit Breaker, Man Reset 1p 20a 250vac Frict       2         Control, Push/Pull Snap–in 36.000 W/1.750 Extension       1				
. 12	Lever, Switch Black1Link, Jumper2Block, Stud Connection 6 Position1Terminal, Pwr Output Red1Terminal, Pwr Output Black1Stud, brs .250-20 x 1.7501				
	Washer, flat brs       3         Nut, .250-20 brs       3         Rcpt, Str 3p4w 50a 125/250v Flush Mtg *14–50       1         Cover, Receptacle W/Gasket       1				
. 22 F1 027 660 23 200 422 24 097 924 25 072 590	Fuse, mintr cer 20 Amp, 250 Volt       1         Holder, Fuse Mintr .250 X 1.250 Panel Mtg       1         Knob, Pointer 1.625 Dia X .250 Id W/Set Screwsplstc       1				
. 26	Potentiometer, w/leads				
31 163 167	,				

◆ Optional

To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

#### Figure 13-3. Generator (Figure 13-1 Item 20)

1 +203 925 Generator Assy, Front (consisting of)
2 183 419 O–ring, 1.984 ld X .139 Cs 70 Duro Viton 1
195 956 Screw, 250–20x5.75 Hexwhd.50d Stl Pld 4
3 013 367 Label, Warning Moving Parts Can Cause Serious Etc 1
4
5 186 083 Screw, 437–14x1.75 Hexwhd.93d Gr8 Pld 4
6
7 181 134 Fan, Rotor Gen 1
8
9

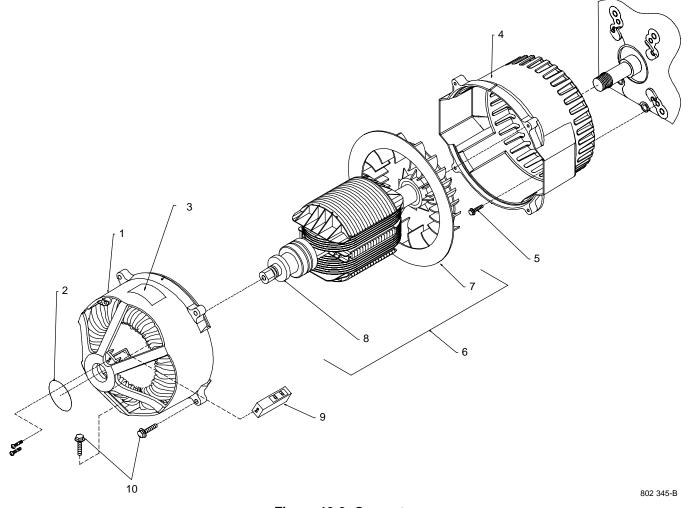


Figure 13-3. Generator

+When ordering a component originally displaying a precautionary label, the label should also be ordered. To maintain the factory original performance of your equipment, use only Manufacturer's Suggested Replacement Parts. Model and serial number required when ordering parts from your local distributor.

Warranty Questions? 1-877-HOBART1 for your local Hobart distributor.

#### Service

You always get the fast, reliable response you need. Most replacement parts can be in your hands in 24 hours.

#### Support

Need fast answers to the tough welding questions? Contact your distributor or call 1-800-332-3281. The expertise of the distributor and Hobart is there to help you, every step of the way.



#### Effective October 1, 1999

5/3/1 WARRANTY applies to all Handler 135 and 175 models, Airforce 250, 250A, and 375 models, and Champion 10,000 models. This warranty also applies to the Beta-Mig 1800, Champ 1435, 2060, 8500 models, Ironman 250, Stickmate models, Tigmate models, and HSW-15 and HSW-25 spot welder models effective with Serial No. KK200262 and newer.

> This limited warranty supersedes all previous Hobart warranties and is exclusive with no other guarantees or warranties expressed or implied.

Hobart products are serviced by Hobart or Miller Authorized Service Agencies.

LIMITED WARRANTY - Subject to the terms and conditions below, Hobart/Miller Electric Mfg. Co., Appleton, Wisconsin, warrants to its original retail purchaser that new Hobart equipment sold after the effective date of this limited warranty is free of defects in material and workmanship at the time it is shipped by Hobart. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

Within the warranty periods listed below, Hobart/Miller will repair or replace any warranted parts or components that fail due to such defects in material or workmanship. Hobart/Miller must be notified in writing within thirty (30) days of such defect or failure, at which time Hobart/Miller will provide instructions on the warranty claim procedures to be followed

Hobart/Miller shall honor warranty claims on warranted equipment listed below in the event of such a failure within the warranty time periods. All warranty time periods start on the date that the equipment was delivered to the original retail purchaser, or one year after the equipment is sent to a North American distributor or eighteen months after the equipment is sent to an International distributor.

- 5 Years Parts and Labor
  - Original Main Power Rectifiers
  - Transformers
  - Stabilizers
  - Reactors
  - Rotors, Stators and Brushes
- 3 Years Parts and Labor
  - **Drive Systems**
  - PC Boards
  - Idle Module
  - Solenoid Valves
  - Switches and Controls
  - Spot Welder Transformer
- 3. 1 Year Parts and Labor (90 days for industrial use)
  - Motor-Driven Guns
  - MIG Guns/TIG Torches
  - Relays
  - Contactors
  - Regulators
  - Water Coolant Systems
  - **HF Units**
  - Running Gear/Trailers
  - Plasma Cutting Torches
  - Remote Controls
  - Replacement Parts (No labor)

  - Field Options (NOTE: Field options are covered for the remaining warranty period of the product they are installed in, or for a minimum of one year whichever is greater.)
- Engines, batteries and tires are warranted separately by the manufacturer.

Hobart's 5/3/1 Limited Warranty shall not apply to:

- Consumable components such as contact tips, cutting nozzles, slip rings, drive rolls, gas diffusers, plasma torch tips and electrodes, weld cables, and tongs and tips, or parts that fail due to normal wear.
- Items furnished by Hobart/Miller, but manufactured by others, such as engines or trade accessories. These items are covered by the manufacturer's warranty, if any.
- Equipment that has been modified by any party other than Hobart/Miller, or equipment that has been improperly installed, improperly operated or misused based upon industry standards, or equipment which has not had reasonable and necessary maintenance, or equipment which has been used for operation outside of the specifications for the equipment.

HOBART PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR PURCHASE AND USE BY COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL USERS AND PERSONS TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED IN THE USE AND MAINTENANCE OF WELDING EQUIPMENT.

In the event of a warranty claim covered by this warranty, the exclusive remedies shall be, at Hobart's/Miller's option: (1) repair; or (2) replacement; or, where authorized in writing by Hobart/Miller in appropriate cases, (3) the reasonable cost of repair or replacement at an authorized Hobart/Miller service station; or (4) payment of or credit for the purchase price (less reasonable depreciation based upon actual use) upon return of the goods at customer's risk and expense. Hobart's/Miller's option of repair or replacement will be F.O.B., Factory at Appleton, Wisconsin, or F.O.B. at a Hobart/Miller authorized service facility as determined by Hobart/Miller. Therefore no compensation or reimbursement for transportation costs of any kind will be allowed.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THE REMEDIES PROVIDED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES. IN NO EVENT SHALL HOBART/MILLER BE LIABLE FOR DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOSS OF PROFIT), WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT OR ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY.

ANY EXPRESS WARRANTY NOT PROVIDED HEREIN AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY, GUARANTY OR REPRESENTATION AS TO PERFORMANCE, AND ANY REMEDY FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TORT OR ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY WHICH, BUT FOR THIS PROVISION, MIGHT ARISE BY IMPLICATION, OPERATION OF LAW, CUSTOM OF TRADE OR COURSE OF DEALING, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WITH RESPECT TO ANY AND ALL EQUIPMENT FURNISHED BY HOBART/MILLER IS EXCLUDED AND DISCLAIMED BY Hobart/Miller.

Some states in the U.S.A. do not allow limitations of how long an implied warranty lasts, or the exclusion of incidental, indirect, special or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty provides specific legal rights, and other rights may be available, but may vary from state to state.

In Canada, legislation in some provinces provides for certain additional warranties or remedies other than as stated herein, and to the extent that they may not be waived, the limitations and exclusions set out above may not apply. This Limited Warranty provides specific legal rights, and other rights may be available, but may vary from province to province.





# **Owner's Record**

# Please complete and retain with your personal records.

Model Name	Serial/Style Number		
Purchase Date	(Date which equipment was delivered to original customer.)		
Distributor			
Address			
City			
State	Zip		



# **Resources Available**

# Always provide Model Name and Serial/Style Number.

To locate a Distributor, retail or service location:	Contact your Distributor for:		
	Welding Supplies and Consumables		
Call 1-877-Hobart1 or visit our website at www.HobartWelders.com	Options and Accessories		
	Personal Safety Equipment		
For technical assistance:	Service and Repair		
Call 1-800-332-3281	Replacement Parts		
	Training (Schools, Videos, Books)		
	Technical Manuals (Servicing Information and Parts)		
	Circuit Diagrams		
	Welding Process Handbooks		
Contact the Delivering Carrier to:	File a claim for loss or damage during shipment.		
	For assistance in filing or settling claims, contact your distributor and/or equipment manufacturer's Transportation Department.		

#### **Hobart Welding Products**

An Illinois Tool Works Company 600 West Main Street Troy, OH 45373 USA

For Technical Assistance: Call1-800-332-3281 For Literature Or Nearest Dealer:

Call 1-877-Hobart1

